Spring 1992, Number 1 \$3.00

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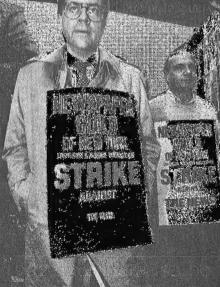
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The Official Theoretical journal of the Manist Internationalist Movement

# MILLY Theory

Spring 1992, Number 1

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MIM airo publishes MIM Notes, the Party's official voice on content news. Subscriptions to MIM Notes are \$12 per year or \$1 an issue.

MilM is an underground party that does not publish the names of its comrades in pricer to avoid the state surveitience and separation due has been historically directed at communical parties and anti-imperialist move-

"MC" in a bytte meens "MA" comisse" or a Passy member; "MA" means "MUM associats."

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# The white working class: Why should we care?

by MC5 Rebouary 14, 1992

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The Communists are distinguished from the other working class parties by this only: 1. In the national struggles of the proletarians of the different countries, they point out and bring to the front the common interests of the entire proletarian, independently of all nationality.

2. In the various stages of development that the struggle of the working class against the bourgeoiste has to pass through, they always and everywhere represent the interests of the movement as a whole.

—Kad Marx, "Communist Manifesto"(1)

Living it the belly of U.S. imperialism, it is easy to toget why the question of the exploitation of white workers is so important. As people analyze the situation they may lose right of why MIM does such realistic and scientific analysis.

MIM believes that without scientific analysis, it is easy to fall prey to First World chauvinist.—the ideology of the white nations justifying the oppression of the Third World nations. Even oppressed peoples may buy into the logic of the oppressor if they are not careful. To be emotionally on the side of the international proletarist is not enough. This issue of MIM Theory is dedicated to putting the white working class in perspective for those stricken with political diseases found predominantly in the First World.

MIM's guiding vision includes internationalism and anti-militarism. This means a world of many different peoples without violent conflict.

Thirds who are not so analytically inclined can consider the fellowing question if nothing clse in this whole journal: When the revolutionary proletarizationness to power, will the new regime owe anything in periodiar to the white working class or will the white working class owe something to the rest of the world?

MIM believes that the imperialists and the white working class owe a tremendous debt to Third World peoples—a debt that MIM intends to see paid back, as a necessary step toward communism.

This is not to say the white workers and imperialists won't see some benefits in revolution. The anarchy of capitalist production will be replaced by planned production. In the long run, this will make possible the direct application of rational thinking toward improving the environment, an end to the competition that leads to world wars and an unleashing of the creativity of billions of poople.

The very consideration of what debt First World workers owe is possible only to someone considering revolution. On this score, MIM is the main revolutionary organization in the United States taking the position that the white working class is not exploited. It is also the implicit position of some revolutionary nationalist groups and some scattered descendants of the Westiner Underground. In contrast, XXX of the groups calling themselves "revolutionary" or "socialist" support the view that the white working class is exploited. Both the Trotakylat Spartacist League and crypto Trotakylat Progressive Labor Farty support the alogan, "30 for 40!" By this alogan they mean 30 hours work for 40 hours pay for all workers in the

If either of these two groups came to power in the United States and implemented this slogan, it would have the effect of banefitting white workers once again. In

United States.

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contrast, "30 for 40;" is not on the top of the MIM agenda. When it comes to realiocating economic surplus, paying off the debt to the Third World is MIM's first priority. MIM's slogar—if it had one—would be for Third World workers. "30 for 300!"

The Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP) is another example of how the question of the white projetariat affects a party's analysis. On a good day, an RCP comrade may say the white working class is not an issue separating the RCP and MIM. But the RCP has avoided the issue through various contradictory formulations, some of which are getting better with regard to national oppression.

In sity case, and regardless of what some corrades in the RCP might think, the RCP program says that a majority of white workers are objectively revolutionary. By this the RCP means that white workers are explained (2)

Who will make the revolution?

Some people think revolution is a game of uniting numbers, that it is necessary to quite the white working class in order to have a revolution. In the United States, this is assuredly not so. We cannot unite a majority of U.S. residents without regard to their class position. To do so is to help the reformists and First World chaptenists, deliberately or not

At times, talking to individual revolutionaries, one might get the impression that one was talking to the Rainbow Coalition or the Democratic Socialists of America about the need for uniting a majority of U.S. residents.

"How can you make a revolution without the majority's support?" say the opportunists, who ispore the fact that the Third World will move forward and destroy U.S. imperialism whether white workers like it or not. Often times, these people will say, "Maybe MIM is right about the exploitation of the white working class, but who is in a position to make the revolution?"

MDM does not tailor its principles to please anyone except the truly oppressed. Of course, MIM may arrange supporary alliances with various groups, but it will never confuse itself or the proletarial with talk about white working class exploitation, unless the conditions of the white workers change dranically. If that means MIM exampt or ganize a majority or even 30% of the U.S. population, MIM does not care.

The Third World is 20% of the world's population, These workers and peasants will make their weight felt in history. Milvi is confident they will thoroughly destroy. U.S. imperialism, even if most U.S. residents never get around to helping.

This is what MIM means when it says it is fearlessly materialist. It is also why MIM does not bether making any compromises with the imperialists or their lackeys on matters of principle. MIM does not want to delay the day imperialism dies, MIM will never assist in creating

new forms of apariheld cloaked in the leftist thetoric of organizing white workers.

In contrast, people who believe white workers are exploited will become frustrated with workers' political back warners. To "wake up" the white workers, they will perform all kinds of stunts that only discredit the cause of genuine revolution for the international prolesariat. Indeed, it's no accident that the Ku Klux Klan also uses the slogan "America awake!" To contrast, MIM is able to formulate the correct strategy and tactics only because of its scientific analysis of the white working class.

Tretskyists and other First World, charvinists cloaking themselves in Marxist rhetoric always ignore the decisive historical role of Third World workers and peasants. For example, a recent and typical polemic against MiM says, "You are forgetting one socialist revolution in which Trotsky played a leading role (second only to Lenin): The Russian Revolution!"

This is as if so say mar the work of one man in a period of a few years in one country justifies the failure of the Tronskyists to overthrow capitalism or colonialism anywhere in this century. Tronskyism is just another variant of bourgeois status quo ideology based on the contributions of one man in one country. To have their cake and sat it too, the Trotskyista then criticize the revolutionaries of different shades as "Statinists" for advancing revolution in one country at a time! Well, the real rewriting of history is the Trotskyist annests concenting the Third World revolutions in this century. The Trotskyists annest people who would be Markisis but who do not realize that Statinists and Macists, not adherents of Trotsky, ied revolutions in Albaria, North Rorea, Vietnam, Chiere, Kampushea and Entrea/Edvicate.

The white labor cheerleaders have no sense of what goes on in the world spart from white labor. Hence, the Trotskyists and other white nation chauvinists lack strategic confidence in the international proletariat and pin all their hopes on the bought-off white workers. You can point to as many progressive revolutions as you want, and the Trotskyists just criticize them from the sidelines.

E.

in

In practice, it is Trotskylsm that has contributed to revolution in only one country. Even that contribution of Trotsky while he was still following Lenin was later negated by Trotsky's betrayal and splitting of the Bolshevik Party while the Russian Revolution was still but a child. It is Stalinist and Maoist practices that have brought revolution in many countries.

As you read this, Stalinist- and Macist-influenced revelationaries already have base areas established in the Philippines and Peru. In southern Korea, MIM has found that the leading revolutionaries read Mao and they argue about Deng Xiaoping, but they have no use for Thotaky. Revolutionaries with Macist origins also recently came to power in Britrea despite decades of U.S. imperialist

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The Control of the Co

For the record, the above quote criticizing MJM was a resource to a Miled poster that mentioned Trotsky's mic in The Russian Revolution. The point here is that The Russian Revolution has become a kind of secret rallying point of First World chanvinists dressed as Marxists of

various stripes.

"After all, at least Russians are white people of adveticed civilization," reason these white region chauvinists, who like some extreme Christians believe that the entire Third World is incapable of seeing the word of god (substitute Marx) and hence are going to hell (substitute. Stalinism). Listening to them, one would have thought 20% of the world's necrois fixed in Russia.

it doesn't maiter what you say about The Russian Revoletion. It doesn't insuer if you even give Trotsky credit for going part-way with The Russian Revolution before giving up party discipling. It doesn't maker what you say to these First World charvinists, because all they know is that The Russian Revolution was the only one that counted. These Third World revolutions against colonialism and capital ism—in which Thorsky as did no hing—don't matter to the First World charminists except as subjects of poetry and armeliair endeam of the Stalinian and Madist actions: And since the Stalinists and Madists have played a leading role in revolutions throughout the world, there is a lot operficies with militant woms. Once the Trouskyists and other anti-communists are done criticizing every movement that actually brought progress in the would, it is little wonce: that they fawn on the bought-off working classes in the countries least inclined to revolusion. Trousky is to must chatch at the hope of whate working-class revolution in Trotsky's name.

In 1925, this was still an interesting debate: In 1992, the facts are in: Revolution has occurred mostly in the Third World. Trotsky ism "has nover been tried" in the Third World in the sense of leading a revolution, because it is an ideology of the oppressor, not an ideology of the oppressed. Saying Stalin or Mac did this or that had thing falls to recognize that every opportunity Stalin and Mao. had to do something progressive or revolutionary, so did the Trouskyists. For every mistake Stalin and Mao have made. The abovists had to make many more to end up on the side of the oppressor, in practice if not in works ...

MRV doubts that the kind of people who know the difference between action and words—who think "practice is principal" as Mao said—went arrything to do with

Trotskyism or white-nation charrinists. The world's oppressed have already spoken by choosing Marxism Léninism in the traditions of Stalin and Mao.

For this critique of the white working class, MIM not only faces attacks Treet the state, but also all types of illozical and navehological stacks from revisionists and white-nation charvinists in the United States, Recently the Spantacist League: "refuted" MIM's position by saying Midliwas mable to arrapize workers, thus its stance on while workers as not exploited (3) This is like saying MUM is composed of child alargers, on MUM can't see why two plus two equals five. Whether or not the write working class is explained is a truth independent of the abilities of any organizer or group of organizers.

Irrational "leftists" have done severe damage to the cause of the international projetariat in the United States. They forget that the system that raised them also taught them when to laugh and cry. Commutatists in the United-States must learn snew when to become angry, lest their militance be a tool of the imperialists. After the questions of the Cultural Revolution and the Seviet Union, the white working class is the most important issue facing communists in the First World

1. Karl Mara, "Communist Manifesso," Flew York: Washington Square Press.

1964, p. 80.

2. See Mi.M.'s Polonic with the RCP—a painphles committing a critique of the RCP program, a polemic by the Organization for Revolutionary Unity, reviews of the Revolutionary Worker and addides from halds Noses. \$10, includes

poetaga. 5. kd/vl Notes 60.

## The "left" tells MIM off

by Doug Henwood Bollow of The Left Business Observer November 22, 1991

MIM received the following letter in response to an offer to exchange publications and revolutionary ideas.

Tranks for sending along your remarkably juvenile. hewsteper I haven't had such a good laugh in ages. Using numbers instead of bylines is nice—and pseudonyms too bourgeois? Do you really think the cops give a shit about a bunch of wankers like you?

I appreciate your refreshing beneaty in saving that "the North Amerikan white working class is an interity a nonrevolutionary worker-elite at this time, thus it is not the principal vehicle to advance Macism in this country." Macism is a vehicle with four flat tires guys; wake up. This sort of poisonous reasons—a point of view many other leftists probably share, but have too much self-controi to ventilate in public-is precisely the reason Duke got over half the white vote in Louisiana. The white working class has a real grievance or two, chuckleheads,

and it is their can't address this then fascists will.

What plans are you on when you say that side workers are a sagroup paid more through a value of their labor of their labor.

It is belling of Amerika wint (Literakes incless the least of the 1960s. Germans soci-funny, and mey remain a wint hourly wage, and the wester wage of 1960s. In 1960s is foolish and unity wages are determined by the costs of the wages are determined by the wages are determined by the costs of the wages are determined by the wages are determined by the wages are d

\$200 so medical care, several number more on clothes and transportation. \$257 a weeklears y reproduces have been failing for almost 20 years, while grown as weeks have been rising. How is like

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and \$5.4% of total value produced—and this is before
takes. According to the Gracial take-home pay for the

10.27 at gross, which means that final disposable
income is around 28.24% or said that disposable
income is around 28.24% or said.

produced per hour.(2)

Furthermore, the World Bank offers the following figure for manufacturing earnings as a percentage of value offer in 1924 and 1988 (excess (China, 1986) (3)

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U.S.	450/6	₹10 <b>V</b> 0; <b>——</b>	-11%
Germany	46%	42%	-4%
Japan .		2014	(+2%
China		1 22%	1270

Dump the slogans, feller with up—me labor aristocdied about the same time iviaoxiid. Do some Think. Or come 1998, President Duke is going

throw your ass in gad

Department of Commerce, Survey of Convent Business, Sept. 1991, p. (CMP) and p. S-ti-thours).

Occidence Section Coperation and Development OECD in Figure 2004 Edition Supplement Section Conserver June/July 1991; p. 5. Williams Avoide Development Section 1991, appendix table 7, p. 217.

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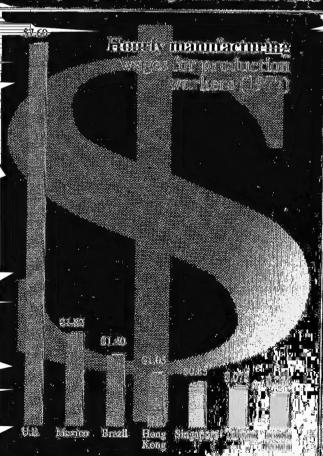
# My trashes the mythode of the mythod

by MC5

Unlike people who take stands working for reforms for the later aristocracy of Amerika, for winvi the issue of ceps positio mention various ultrarightists trailing MIM) is not an academic question. Doug Henwood, the editor of the Leithbusiness Observer, is the typical Amerikan "leftis," who acquait betteves the garbage that this is a "free-country so we can revocation to understand reality for the oppressed no matter how many times he hears to reads a record with Notes and understand the most serious repression against our comrades in prison.

As a province indicate the function of the will lake then as a compliment incentie-licate distributed the dyings the distributed the dyings the distributed the function of the world was on the years incoming aside-the system-licate wood-wants-to paids up>

One last comment before we ment the semications pelitical economic analysis in Figure 5. Tenne As most leftenissistate in 1.24. Finances Georges: Second at view, and economic many are sens legislations like Drive is the west legislations like Drive is the



Zeymow *ele*lman, *Profits* Without Fres. Puladelphia: U. of Penn, Pross. 1957 ask why don't leftists like yourself have more success with the white workers? Why does a punk state legislator get instant name recognition that surpassed on a national level that of every Democratic candidate for president, not to mention all the social-democratic legislators out there? Why does he get millions in small donations from white workers across the country? Could it be that Duke actually addresses a material reality for white workers?

Don't fake it personally. We doubt you voted for Duke.

MIM did not say every German or every Euro-Amerikan
is a Nazi, only that white labor as a class has an interest
in its alliance with imperialism. Do you have a problem
with class analysis or would you prefer we psychoanalyze every Amerikan individual for you?

To understand the position of the white working class,

The analysis is key.... If the labor aristocracy is exploited, then organizing it will be progressive. If the labor aristocracy is not exploited, then organizing it will only result in white chauvinism and greater strength for imperialism, whatever the intentions of the organizer.

the labor aristocraey, it is necessary to make international comparisons. Because of the issue of superexploitation, and the overarching role of imperialism, it is necessary to accept an international standard. Today's world market includes, as armie, miniary dictatorships designed to keepline international proletariat down. The labor arise tocracy is not only not in line with the Third World proletariat, but also it is also not in line with the Third World petty bourgeoiste.

Before bringing out other data, we have to demestivate we are talking about theoretically. (1) Once we do that, MIM believes most people will find that they have always had more than enough information at hand to make a decision about this theoretical conflict concerning the latter analysis is key because if the latter analysis is key because if the latter analysis to exploited, then organizing a will be a progressive thing III the labor aristocracy is not exploited, then organizing movill only result in white chauving and greater among for imperialism, whatever the literations of memoranized.

Amerikan (eiis) political economy vs.

When Marx first with strong namarket for labor

records there was not the famile and second with the way in the famile and the second with the way in the famile and the family second with the family second with the family second ways and that allowers that colonialism were corrupting infinences.

on European working classes.

Marx said that wages were the culturally and a storically determined product of a market for labor power-in other words, the wage was what that society deemed not essary to reproduce its workers. In this regard, Henward is correct.

In Marx's day, the capitalists appropriated surplus against from the white workers despite paying wages, so the workers were exploited. In the 1800s, it was possible to look at the dead labor that went into reproducing British labor power and say it was basically British. A loom or a hoe used in production by British laborers pretty much came from the dead labor of British laborers.

Since the time of Marx, imperialism has grown many fold. Having expanded after World War I, imperialism continued to expand after World War II. One small indication is U.S. direct investment abroad. In 1950 it was \$11.8 billion, but by 1980 it was \$200 billion. Moreover, a list of the top 76 manufacturing firms shows that 37% of their assets are abroad (which includes Europe, not just the Third World).(2)

The advent of supertankers, airplanes and faster transportation and communication of all kinds made the plunder of the Third World a much more central fact of economic life. But today, thanks to dead Third World labor, the labor that goes into "reproducing" the white working class is greater than the labor done by the white working class.

Closed borders: separate markets
for labor power

Amerikan society and its "leftists" would have us believe that an average of \$10 an hour and a \$44,000 house for whites is *necessary* for the reproduction of the white working class as workers. That is strictly ideological obfuscation. Why?

If the U.S. imperialists paid \$2 an hour and threw open the borders, they would nave no problem reproducing the working class. Indeed, the population would grow enormously beak from immigration and natural growth. The only teason that does not happen is that the imperialists agreed with the labor arising racy (and not just its labor bureauera; ficutenants, judging from the popularity of anti-immigrant laws) to close the borders and establish a triangle is very similar to the basic agreement. South Africa, but the blatant Jim—Crow laws and superexploitation are not as prevalent in America. Whites are a majority here, but not in South

Henwood pretends that U.S. labor would not reproduce used a were not for the Amerikan alliance with the imperialists that generates a \$10-an-hour wage. By this ne means U.S. labor would die and then the system would also, as Marx said about the British workers and their system on the 1800s.

In is a raise assumption. MIM has looked around

enough to know that proletarians can reproduce and keep I exploitation that the banks count on in terms of the Table the capitalist system going for a lot less than \$10 an nour. And we didn't even have to go to another planet. Real exploitation exists right on this one. There is no need to fantasize about the oppression of First World people, except as required for imperialist nation unity.

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The Amerikan leftists want us to accept the standards of the white working class as necessary for its reproduction, so they can go on saying that the labor aristocracy is exploited and go on begging the three class white unity which benefits imperialism.

In contrast, MIM looks are wage from the perspective of the Third World proletariat, MUM-uses 2 rough international standard wage necessary for reproduction of workers under late imperialism. MINI could economistically struggle for \$1.50 an hour and that would still double what the Pico Products workers made in south Korea in the late 1980s, and south korear laborismore organized than most and living in closer-to-imperialist conditions than just about any The World country.

In the "Communist Manifesto," Marx-said communists differ from other labor organizers in margo mmunists look at everything from the perspective of the international proletariat, not just any one of its sections. The only reason Euro-Amerikan workers make \$10 something an hour is that the borders are closed by force. That is the most significant factor the market for labor power and it must never be forgotten.

The wage for Amerikan workers should be put on par with an international standard for the prolecariat. MIM believes that the white working class' wages are not determined merely by market conditions for labor powers hence, its wages go beyond what is necessary for reproduction of the white working class in the capacity of workers (not the reproduction of the white working class in their role as parasites).

The search for surplus labor

Another definitive answer to the question is from the point of view of the capitalists. Where surplus labor is not appropriated, there are no profits. Of course, without profits, capitalists go out of business. Without profits, even capitalists wouldn't want the capitalist system to exist. Henwood's writings lead one to think that the capitalists have itmade thanks to how little the Amerikan workers make. The reality of profit rates is a little different though.

Even the social democrats who wrote the book Global Reach recognized that multinational corporations rely on the Third World for their proving 41 as is the same reason all the banks are scared of Third World detault on loans and asking for the government to base them out if the time comes. First World banks are in trouble. From 1983 to 1990, First World banks received \$325 billion more than they put into Third Woold commiss on isome of the conand loan repayments: (2) 1 parts we one avenue of

Eleck. What would happen to the Plest While benice

withom the Phint World (7)
William the Thirt World, U.S. sapital would die, because izvays white labor too musk in maler a gredit hom-ness workers along. Put a Beldish navel ambaces around Francis intermulated acoustages in the 1-800s and the French capitalists would still contact and survive in that progressive phase of outpinitions Por a lyange bloods ade on the commerce of the improvious is 1992, and the ball game is over Anyone who doubts this should look at First World profit margins and where they come from. Imperialists de assesses surplus labor drom white workers right now and confidence without their source of profits: the Laird World- ite make profits without the Third World, the First World capitalists would have to cut First World workers waves dusting ly.

Henwood's answer shows both ignorance and Amore ka-first chauvinism. Taking GNP and dividing by the number of hours worked in the United States. Bonz comes up with a figure of \$27.85 per worker per hour.

This calculation shows that Henwood and wor understand MIM's argument regarding superexploitation of the Third World. The GNP is the monetary value of aid the goods and services sold in the United States for a year. The GNP includes the value of the unremunerated dead labor of the Third World. That dead labor is paid to by the time it reaches the sales stage, the point at which one



Third World.

Another problem with comparing wages with GNP figures include items that go to the labor aristocracy beyond wages such as public service. The only part of the GNP that does not go to salaries or wages (and other incomes) is profits.

### Where do the profits go?

The other calculation that Henwood trots out is the added varue from manufacturing workers. To the extent that he implies that capitalisis take the bulk of added value from manufacturing workers (64% in 1988) and simply keep it as profit, MIM does not agree. So the extent that if the wood points to a relationship between manufacturing workers and other sectors of the laboration go to the capitalists as profit, but to other laborationshy with collection white workers.

A capitalist class raking in frillions in promiseves year is convenient for the fantasy of white working crass-exploitation. Unfortunately, most American lettus in ave a naive view like this. The vimagine incurcritique of capitalism depends on the amazing consumption of the training depends on the amazing consumption of the training and the fremendous meduality within the American nation. But they grossly exaggerate that inequality. The problem is not that capitalism was a little and the problem is not that capitalism was a little and the problem is not that capitalism.

instead, the bulk of the 64% fluff Henwood refers to is attributable to the facultat over half of Amerikan workers are white-collar, according to the 1980 census. Part of that fluffds-colleges in the form of taxes, which does not go directly into capitalist pockets. But most of the 64% goes into the labor-aristocracy's pockets, especially, refirement pensions are workers in the military—with a pocket of the corporations supplying the covernment.

Miller Should Street Herwood for replying and simplifying the chore of proving that the American-est has no consone of proving that the American-est has no consone it of the contains the wealth of the constains of the constaint of the constaint

Instead, if people look at the new wealth of the capitallat glass created every year, they will find that it is much inteller than the superpositic socked to from the Third Worm each year. The reason is that the labor at single approximation of surplus labor for the capitalists and inside the a share of the United World superprofits. The capitalists accumulates wealth fast, but not list entered to suck in points uperprofits from the Third World and profits from

added figures—that the capitalists suck in triffication and profits every weathers in the capitalists suck in triffication profits every weathers in the capitalists suck in triffication profits every weathers in a calculation error of the capitalists suck in triffication of the capitalists suck in triffication of the capitalists in the capitalists of the capitalists suck in triffication of the capitalists suck

After tax profits in 1989 (the most recent figures wallable) amounted to \$172.6 billion. Out of that the capital lists admit to obtaining \$50.9 billion from a broad, which still does not count superexploited labor done in the Third World.(5)

Even in these profits, the labor aristocracy takes a large part in dividends—both in privately owned and position owned stocks—and in shareholding in banks, credit unions. The capitalist class is no raking in \$175 billion, when we aim every year. Only a vulgar law we want every year. Only a vulgar law we want every year. Only a vulgar law was the capitalists could incuring about.

Overall, those \$173 billion in profits are puny most above comrade who thinks about what it means that only 50% of GNP is profits will realize that it is simply not possible the white working class is exploited. In fact, those profits are so small because of overpayment in the labor aristocracy.

Within those puny profits, the capitalist class owns at large snare. The top 1% of families owns 51% of the market value of the stocks owned by families (as of figmarket value of the stocks owned by families (as of figmarket value of the stocks owned by families (as of figmarket value of the stocks of those stocks or value) is the figure of those stocks or value of the figure of the stocks held by institutions, the profits of which go to beneat the labor aristocracy—col-

The exects of the top 1% are always in the \$200 to 5520 range. One could dispute the number of capitalists in the binness States and say this 1% figure is too low. But if we look at the top 2%, 5% as \$250 s. The population and call them capitalist, we are talking about a lot of people who are not millionaires. In 1532 fronty took \$68,000 in sects to make in into the 1601 -5%. (6) As of 1970, there were stiff-fewer than I million millionaires. That was only about 1% of the population if we assume a house hold size of 2.5 in the according to 1. Saxa, class the tips of the capitalist class. It 1270, the average wealth of that group was \$1.32 million, which means a large particular of that group capitalism, which means a large particular of that group capitalism, which means a large particular of that group capitalism, which means a large particular of that group capitalism, which means a large particular of that group capitalism, which means a large particular of that group capitalism which means a large particular of that group capitalism which means a large particular of that group capitalism is supplied to the capitalism.

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must account for the billionaires and multi-millionaires. According to Sakai, that 1% is partially petry bourgeoisic.(7)

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Considering the distribution of assets and hence profits, it seems possible that only a half or two-thirds of each year's \$173 billion in profits actually ends up in the hands of capitalists—people who can live off of owning the means of production. (MIM uses this definition so that people who own merely I share of stock or even 100 shares of stock are not counsed as capitalists.) And that other large share of profits goes to the labor aristocracy, even after the labor aristocracy receives inflated, non-exploitative wages.

Puny profits that actually end up in capitalist hands each year—under \$150 billion or 3% of the GNP—are easily explained by the exploitation of national minority workers within U.S. borders. These workers get about 70% of what white workers get, and that's only if they're documented. Let's be generous to the labor aristocracy and assume that the imperialists pay all the documented and undocumented minority workers an average of 70% of what white workers get (a very liberal estimate). Now look at the portion of GNP accounted for by national minority workers within U.S. borders—20%. Giving 70% of that amount to minority workers leaves 6% of GNP as the difference in pay between white and national minority workers generated by discrimination alone. Six percent of GNP is nearly all the profits before taxes! That leaves the labor aristocracy to get paid for all its dead

labor while receiving all the superprofits from the Third World outside U.S. borders. (See the appendices for more on these calculations.)

There is no way that the white working class is exploited. The \$173 billion does go almost entirely to the top half of Amerika, according to Domhe M. But we've already shown that the profits are just too small not to be accounted for solely by exploitation of the national minorities within U.S. borders.

In Mark's day, the value of the British CNF was pretty much the result of the labor of British workers, especially compared with today's GNP. In 1991, Henwood makes the mistake of keeping Mark's assumptions as they apply to individual First World markets. Henwood makes no effect to account for the exploitation and supersapiolisation of Third World workers that go into making the U.S. GNP. The reason Henwood does not count the worsmunerated Third World labor and simply assumes that all GNP is the product of U.S. workers is simple—Amerikativet charvinism.

MIM does not attempt to organize the white working class as a group because it is not exploited and does not have a material interest in revolution. Working to organize the white working class would make the the party a pre-imperialist, reformist party—the history of the Amerikan working class makes this clear.

The mass base for revolution will come from the exploited and superexploited—mostly in the Third World—and Mild seeks to organize all who work in the

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### Translators needed

Many imperialist countries do not have a MiM. Some countries have a party like MiM, but it is having a harder time than MiM. The United States has a lot of people compared with most First World countries.

MiM sees a special responsibility to help persuade comrades in the First World on the split in the international working class, gender oppression's dynamics in the First World and the realigies of phony communism in China today,

On these quastions, MiM has a unique role to play, but it can't do it without translations. If you on anyone you know can do translation, please step forward.

. Baymour Melman, Profits Without Freduction, Philadelphia: University of anneylvania Press, 1987, p. 38.

1. Molman, op. cit., 34.

3. Revolutionary Communist League, Class Struggle, vol. 13, no. 6-7, p. 12-4. Pulse of Capitalism, Issue No. 31-3, p. 4.

Statistical Abstract of the United States 1991, p. 548.

6. William Dombrief, Who Rules America Now? A View for the '80s, New York: Simon & Schuster, 1983.

7. MIM Theory 9, 10.

8. For a review of the average of explosization of the Third World, read Alain de Invery, The Agrarian Question and Reformism in Laure America, especially pp. 50-60. Chepter I provides a state-of-the art and more thorough mawer to coccione raisea hare.

# Banking on the backs of the oppressed

by MCS January 20, 1992

On Dec. 20, 1991, the U.S. government started loaning money to banks at a rate of 3.5% interest. This interest rate is called the discount rate and is available only to banks, not the ordinary borrower.

In January 1992, the inflation rate was reported for the previous month as 3.6% calculated annually, (if the inflation rate stays the same as it was in December for the whole year, the armual inflation rate will be 3.5%.) In November, it was 4,8%. In other words, the inflation rate exceeds the interest rate available to banks (1)

If inflation stays higher than 3.5% or if the discount rate goes down further, banks will receive what amounts to a subsidy from U.S. taxpayers, who are themselves heavily subsidized by the Third World. The banks will be paying the government back in money worth less than the money they originally borrowed.

Bankers themselves never let that happen. They never loan money for less than the rate of inflation because they don't want to go out of business. The owners of banks don't want to see their essets shrinking from inflation. If inflation is 4%, the banks loan out money at 11%. 13% or even 20%.

The government, on the other hand, would happily subsidize the biggest "welfare cheats" out there-whitecollar workers and the capitalist class. The government is desperately looking for a way out of the current mess U.S. banks are in. When the government has to take over failing banks it looks bad. People might get ideas about socialism and the failure of capitalism.

Banks profit from Third World loans The U.S. government is giving money away to bankers in the form of bailouts and now in the form of subsidized loans, even better and much higger than sudent loans.

The U.S. bankers, in sum, are giving away money to ? white-collar people in the form of loans that oppressed people are never able to obtain. The banks really are giving it away when it's all added up, because the banks are taking losses on these loans to white-collar parasites. The banks' biggest source of trouble is in real estate speculation that goes sour. Citicoro lost about \$600 million that way in 1990. That is why the banks are failing,

Some banks made some loans to the Third World that were not repeid. But it is a white lie to say that Third World loans are the main problem, as implied in all the major newspapers: "He [Citicorp's chairperson] pushed Citicorp into some highly profitable consumer businesses before they were fashionable, but left a legacy of leans to less developed countries that caused heavy losses."(1)

Actually, on the whole, First World Banks made \$325 billion more from Third World countries in the 1980s than they put in (2)

Even Citicorp itself is only close to solvent because of huge Third World profits. Brazil alone cares Citicorp \$50 million out of its \$300 million overseas profits a year. India brisigs in another \$25 million in profits annually for Citicom (1)

Developing countries paid out \$50 billion more to service loans than they received in new credits in 1988. In 1984, the gap was \$10.2 billion. The total for 1985-1988 is nearly \$120 billion. Two thirds of these payments are from Latin America (3)

The banks exploit the Third World and give the money away to First World people, who in turn pay some of the taxes that subsidize the banks.

### Notes:

1. New York Times 1/20/92, p. C3. 2. Revolutionery Communica League, Class Strangels, vol. 15, no. 6-7, p. 11.

3. New York Times 9/12/69, p. 23.

## "How can you work and not be exploited?"

(The Spartacist League recently asked MIM this very question.)

#### Angwerer

1. Ask Lee Jacocca t

2. When you create no prefits for your amployer to

3. Why ask MIM? The Spartactut League knows how to do it. The Spartacist League and most white Lottists have been organizing white workers to get a share of the profits from the Third World for

#### ocades 111

Auswer for the person who forgot his/her Marx. †† Answer for the person who hasn't read any Marx. † It Answer for the white supremacist in a Markist disgular.

### Who is really exploited? First World vs. Third World labor

by MC5 January 18, 1992

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The following chart sets the wages of U.S. workers as the standard to find out how the production workers of either countries stack up. For example, if the U.S. average production worker wage was \$5 in 1975 and the Peruvian wages was \$1, the percentage would be 20%.

# Percent of U.S. Wages

Country	% of U.S.	% of U.S.
	wage 1975	wage 1989
Ешгоре	82	100
Japan	48	88
Brazil	14	12
Mexico	31	16
south Korea	6.	25
Taiwan	6	25
Hong Kong	12	19
Singapore -	13.	22
Sri Lanka	4	2
Portugal	25	19
Greece	27	38
Spain	41	64
U.K.	52	73
Sti Louica has the pr Statistical Abstract	escentage of the U.S. was of the United States 199	ion in 1027

Burope and Japan closed the gap with the United States between 1975 and 1989. Europe's average manufacturing production worker wage is equal to that of the United States in 1989.

Countries like south Korea may eventually join the ranks of the imperialists, but notice that in the sweep-stakes of international capitalism Portugal has fellen from the role of major colonialist to Third World status, at least in this regard. Not surprisingly, most of the countries listed in the U.S. government publication were imperialist countries or small but well-off capitalist countries; it is not possible to gauge the world as a whole from these figures.

Mexico and Brazil—the Third World countries with the largest populations on the list—actually saw a decrease in their wages relative to the United States. From this limited table we must conclude that the Third World fell further behind U.S. manufacturing wages between 1975 and 1989.

## The pelity being comes. This dominate on early one

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Remember, these percentage gaps may decrease while total wealth/income differences still increase. Also, manufacturing wages may catch up with the West while overall income may decrease.

Per capita income figures

Another interesting set of figures is the per capita income in the different countries. The usefulness of these figures are questionable because we do not know the income distribution in the countries and because it is always difficult to compare income figures concocted by paper-shuffling bureaucrats in different countries.

Between 1980 and 1988, per capita income in the Unit-

### 1988 per capita income

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
USA	\$ \$	19,840
Greece		5,225
south Kores		3,950
Portugal		3,906
Venezuela		3,198
Argentina		3,087
Yugoslavia		2,596

Statistical Abusiner of the United States 1991, p. 841.

- Contract of the contract of

Washing and

ed States increased from \$16,970 to \$19,340, accounting for inflation by using 1988 constant dollars.(1)

The above set of countries is especially interesting because of what it says about Portugal and Greece, countries ordinarily thought of as First World. There seems to be a good case for saying the Bortuguese workers are exploited. We might be able to learn something from Greece and Portugal as First World countries. There is also a good case for saying U.S. wages might sink quite a bit and still be better than England's or Prance's.

### 1988 per capita income

Canada j	\$18,090.
France '	16,490.
England	14,080.
U.S. Blacks	12,346.*
Spain:	8.418.
Greece	5,225.

Statistical Abstract of the United States 1991, p. 841.

\*Based on taking 62.2% of the \$19,840 figure above, 62.2% comes from the ratio of per capita income (calculated differently), (able, p. 460.

Neither France nor England is exactly the model of a revolutionary future. The comparison with U.S. Blacks is intended to raise the question of the Black nation. GNP figures are hard to compare from year to year because they tend to change based on different methods of calculation and data collection. Comparing income between countries is even worse. However, if you have to compare income figures, comparing the United States, Canada and England makes the most sense.

If Spanish, Portuguese and Greek workers as a groups are not exploited, then it would be hard to argue that exploited workers are the majority of U.S. Black workers. However, that is to say nothing of the historical basis of national consciousness among U.S. Blacks. Whatever the income situation now, the debts of the white nation to the Black nation are calculated in the millions of dollars. Annual income is one thing. Wealth built over certaines is another. In any case, this raises the messy issue of where to draw the line between exploited and nonexploited on an international scale.

This per capita income table also shows that some countries are actually going backwards in this decadent imperialist era, despite all the "triumph of capitalism" bulishit. In the years 1980 to 1988, several countries saw a deciline in per capita income—mostly Third World countries first could little afford it. The countries actually getting power and not just falling behind were Afghanistan, Algeria, Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Etraopia, Iran, Irac, Kenya, Madagascar, Mexico, Mozambiqua, Nigoria, North Korea, Pakistan, Poru, Philippines, Poland, South Africa, Sudan, Syria, Tanzania, Uganda, Mugoslavia and Zaire, Not a single Western European generatry saw decline, including Portugal and Orecce (1)

Luckily for the bulk of the world's population, China, India, Indonesia and Bauglacesh all saw tiny improvements in per capita income between 1980 and 1983; though in some cases they also had widening income gaps. Despite these improvements, these countries were still falling behind the superexploiter countries, which and richer even faster.

All materialists should bear in mind that in all these surveys there are different ways of counting things, so we should not haggle too much over the numbers. Take into account a margin for error, but stay on top of the really large inequalities.

Drawing the lines between superexploitation, explaitation and non-exploitation will always be a messy and crude affair. One option is to use Taiwan and south Korea as countries just emerging from superexploitation and Pertugal as a country with its manufacturing workers falling into superexploitation. This means using the following type of breakdown:

For example, Greek workers may be workers in an imperialist country who are exploited, because they get 38% of what U.S. manufacturing workers get. They are not superexploited, most likely because Greece does not really have an imperialist-backed government using force on its workers to prevent their choice of exploiters. In fact, Greece is a bourgeois democracy. Taiwan and south Korea are on the boundary, trying to emerge as bourgeois democracies.

This also means that Amerikan workers could be paid one-half what manufacturing workers receive now and they would still create no surplus value. In other words, they could receive \$4.15 an hour and still not be exploited.

In conclusion, capitalism on a world scale exploits most working classes while it enriches the minority of imperialist country working classes. Many countries are getting poorer, while the rich are getting richer! MIM is seeks to break this system, not organize while workers to gerge themselves on the bounty of the Third World.

Notes: Statistical Abstract of the United States 1991, p. 841.

## "Leftist" myths about Amerikan labor refuted

by MC5

January 18, 1992

The Willie Horton-"Black rapist" arts of 1988 won: George Bush the presidency. This and flag-waving ACLU-balting were the ultimate in grossness, but they worked on the Amerikan working class. They upped but the national changings of the white working class based Opinie material reality of its superprodu-soaked existence. 4 magnifications hving the labor of Third World peoples.

In elections everything is concentrated symbolism. The winner is the one that does the best advertisements succincily summing up how it's going to be if the white working class picks the winner's bourgeois faction to rule

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The bourgeoisie has an agreement—whichever bour geoistfaction constand bribes the white workers best deserves to rule. On the Democratic and social-democratic side, the cheap tricks are the ones stoking up white working-class fears of economic degradation. Liberal newspapers such as the New York Trimes (TV to maniput late these fears so that the liberal bourgeoisie can rule, so Amerikans buy Amerikans so foreign aid is not se emphasized and so white people find another reason to tighten the screws on the same works will be overthrown.

Both the Democrats and Republicans are racists, because they are parties of imperialism. The only differ ence is that the Democras and Men alternative parties coax the white workers by falsely emphasizing how oppressed they are. The white workers know this is not Guatemala, but they take the Democratic rhetoric as an offer for a better imperials deal for the white working

The 1992 elections are coming up and the Democrats are searching for the right 30-second ad to win over the white-working class, it does not matter what the facts are: the image of Joe Steelworker working at McDonald's is a potent symbolism. Here MIM tries to take the claims seriously and refute (hem) factually.

Capitalism is always subject to make the mancial bubbles. The current recession may prove to change things very quickly, but MIM always bases its strategy on the facts at hand, not wishful speculations on conditions in the future. In any case, filtings is an economic catastrophe, the actions of the white working class will be determined in large pain by the past. To understand the consciousness of Amerikan workers, we must understand their conditions over the pass 18, 20 and 30 years. This is a review of the most up-to-date data available—the data in the Statistical Abstractor the United States 1991. which includes the 1990 U.S. Census data.

The majority of salaried people are in

mainhiseimire.

1988 only 16-18% of U.S. workers worked in manufacturing.

in 1938, 1934 million people were working in manufacturing, maybe 21.3 million, dispending on how-k wee counted. There were a total of 114 7-million simployed workers. That means only 15-18% of workers are in

in the United States, more, people-worked in manager al or professional occupations alone 30.4 million in 1989 de The old Progressive Labor Party reductionist wint of view focuses on these manufacturing workers. Hopefullyathat view does not hold, as Marx did, that they would become the majority.

Myth: The labor aristocracy is dying. The proof is the decline in-manufacturing jobs.

Fact: Both the wages and size of the manufacturing worker group have stayed the same since the 1960s

Millions of manufacturing workers

1963 —	17.0
1067	1023
1972	19.0
1977	19.6
1982	19.1
1985	18.8
1988	19.1

In 1982 constant dollars, manufacturing workers made an average of \$8.33 an hour in 1970 and \$8.29 in 1989 (2) Despite 20 years of social-democratic yammering to the contrary, both the wages and size of the manufacturing worker group stayed the same. The rest of the economy grew-especially white collar occupationsand made the Euro-Amerikan workers as a group even more pro-imperialist.

Myth: Even white workers cannot get good jobs anymore.

Fact: Whitelemployment in professional and managerial-jobs continues to grow.

Between 1983 and 1989, the ranks of professional and managerial employees increased 6.8 million. While Blacks and "Hispanies" make up 17.5% of all employees, they make up 9.8% of these jobs, which are the best ones counted in the U.S. Census.

To understand the scale of this shift of month to a sector of white workers, let's compare it to much ballyhooed lay-offs. General Motors recently armounced with layoffs. If 97 companies did the same tining as GAV, that would make up for the gain of 6.8 million jobs. Linvayer, since those 6.2 million from which the cost and analysis is ple are siii bare-pris-see the case climingist, which workers as a group would still be better off in 1982 than they were in 1982.

management are good jobs? First, the average wages for an weekly earnings of this category are higher than for any other group of workers—\$583 a week in 1989.

#### Median weekly earnings by sector

Managerial and professional specialty	\$583
Technical sales, and admin. support	359
Service occupations	253
Precision, production, craft and repair	454
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	323
Farming, forestry and fishing Figures for 1989 and in dollars. Statistical Abstract of the United States 1991, p.425.	246

Broken down this way, there are 8.84 million service workers and 1.38 million farming, forestry and fishing workers. The other 74.4 million workers in 1989 were in the higher paying sectors.

The government has two main ways of classifying job categories. Economists and sociologists have several more. It is important not to mix them together.

Note that the above method of counting service workers focuses on the poorest service workers. Other classifications count people paid increasingly higher wages as service workers. Hence, it is very important not to combine two ways of classifying workers, using the low pay figures of one group of service workers which is small to represent the pay of another classification of service workers which is large.

For example, using a third but rarely used means of classifying jobs, the government says all jobs that are not mining, construction or manufacturing are considered service jobs. By this standard that classifies most workers as service workers, the average hourly wageto service workers is \$10.34 as of 1990. It's \$12.14 for the workers in mining, construction and manufacturing. Then when you add in paid leave, supplemental pay, insurance, pensions, unemployment and workers compensation, the wage is \$13.97 an hour in services and \$17.55 in non-services (3)

Myth: The fall of the labor aristocracy is evident in the decline of hourly wages in constant dollars:

Gact: This myth is half true, but omits the trend Goward paying more for benefits like health-care

in 1970, workers (excluding agriculture and government) average 0.58:03 an hour in 1982 dollars. by 1989 it was \$7.64 an factor in 1982 dollars. (4) When private annually plans and social insurance costs are added in

growth in hourly compensation since 1960. In parallel the fact above, this index of compensation adjusted for inflation rose from 91.9 in 1970 to 103.5 in 1989.

Even if there had been a decline in hourly wages, it was offset by housewives' entering the work force for the first time. In 1970, 49% of women worked, but by 1989, the figure was 68.3%.(6)

The relative lack of experience of new workers is one reason for the decline of hourly wages, in addition to gender discrimination. All things considered, the relative steadiness of the hourly wage and growth of family income and per capita income is an amazing feat of the world.

Myth: Joe Steelworker lost his job and went to work at McDonald's.

Fact: There are very few isolated cases of formula labor-aristocracy workers turned to McDonalds workers.

Of workers receiving minimum wage, 58 20 are age 24.(7) In Amerika, the McDonald's jobs grow fast, but they are filled by young people who stay a year two and then move on. This is why the per capital means has increased so fast more and of the lining with the gonwhoof the low-pay job sectors.

Median length (years) in which workers stay in their occupation

·		
	median	median =
	length	age
Fraksmisskirdaskids	1.5	18.8
Waiters and waitresses assistants.	1.7	20.3
Sinck handers and barrees	1.9	21.1
Kitchen workers, food prep	2.1	27.2
Messengers	2.3	30.3
Vehicle/equipment washers	2.3	26.7
News vendors.	2.3	26.4
Mail clerks, except postal	2.3	29.8
Gashiers	2.4	24.4
File clerks	2.5	28.5
	2.5	20.9
Short-order cooks		
Garage & service station	2.6	23.8
Sales workers, shoes	2.6	22.3 =
Hotel ciciks	2.7	27.7 —
Child care workers		
except private household	2.7	34.2

classified by the C.S. government, the McDonald's-type to be the one with the lowest median stay in employment

(as well as one of the highest levels of national minority employment).

Only 5.1% of all workers receive minimum wage or less.(7) Of course, that does not count undocumented

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1. Statistical Abstract of the United States 1991, p. 395.

2. Ibid., p. 413.

3. Ibid., p. 419.

4. Ibid., p. 413.

5. Ibid., p. 412. 6. Ibid., p. 385, 7. Ibid., p. 418.

# Spartacisi League chases MIMENotes 60

by MC5 January 12, 1992

The Spartacist League printed an article in the Workers Vanguard criticizing revolutionary groups that do not print their papers attunion printing presses. They specifically discussed MIM among other groups. MIM responded to this criticism-on the letters-page of MIM Notes 60.(1)

The Spartacist League saud MIM is willfully blind to the fact that blacks and Hispanics are represented in disproportionately high numbers in unions in this country; in fact they are the backbone of counters unions and strike struggles—precisely because they're under the heaviest attack by the racisi posses 2. The Spartacist League used this argument to back to the idea that MIM should print MIM Noves at a union shop and support union organizing and the white working class in the United States generally.

MIM will first point out the overhe Spartacist League's reasoning, one could are the women should boycott union labels because women are disprovertionately unrepresented in unions is that matters o should people of Latino background in the United States, women and Latinos would do better to poycou union-label products For its part, MIM does not care to engage in hairsplitting, since the vast majority of unionized workers are white and not exploited.

Percentage of men and women workers in unions

(1080)

19.7 Men 12.6 Women 16.4% of workers were in unions. Average Wage- and salary-earners 16 and older.
Statistical Abstract of the United States 1991, p. 424.

A preside nerognización Brack Workers are unionized than white workers, but a smaller presentance of "Likering ie" workers are unionized than whites. The wide below is the source of Spanners confusion and opportunism Blacks are disproportionately uniquized, and because union organizers are so progressive but bucause the see tors of the economy with unlangling from few ways Blacks, both union and non-union diagnoside socious of the economy.

### Percentage unionized (1989)

White Black 16.8 "Hispanic" 18.6 Total

Statistical Abstract of the United States 1991, p. 425.

Since these figures are collected by the government. remember that illegal aliens are not counted because they are not considered employees. In fact, the number of unionized waged agricultural workers is not counted as all, because the government sees fewer than 30,000 tolar. Those agricultural workers not unionized got mediting wages of \$246 a week in 1989. That is one of the lowest paid sectors, and this does not count illegal alien labor.

#### Some sectors of the economy have more unions than others

	% unionized 1989
Government	43.6
Transportation & public utilities	34.1
Manufacturing	23.1
Construction	22.6
Mining	19.7
Average	18.6
All other sectors of the economy have less th	an average unionization. That

means unionization below 18.6%

Statistical Abstract of the United States 1991, p. 425.

Surprise: Better-paid technical and management jobs are less unionized. However, we have already seen that these technical and management jobs are disproportionately occupied by whites. (See previous sections.) Workers unionized in these sectors actually make less than their non-unionized counterparts. The same is true of wholesale and retail trade. The really good jobs require ng imionization.

White-collar jobs in general are disproportionately occupied by whites and blue-collar jobs are dispropordonately occupied by oppressed nationalities.

Buy from a union shop?

Spring

Contrary to the Spartacist League's wishful thinking buying from union shops does not help minorities. It's just that there are more "minorities" in sectors that hap-

pen to be unionized. In other words, both the unionized and non-unionized workers in these sectors are disproportionately oppressed nationalities. Supporting the unions in these sectors does not help oppressed nationalities any more than supporting the non-union workers does. In fact, it appears there are more oppressed nationalities in non-unionized jobs in the low paying sectors.

By one method of classification, the government sector is the most unionized sector of the economy. In 1989, 14.8% of the workers in that sector were Black when only 10.2% of workers generally were Black. "Hispanics" are underrepresented in the government sector, with 5.1% of government employees out 7.3% of total workers.(3)

The second most unionized sector is transport, communication and public utilities. This sector was 14.1% Black as of 1989 and only 6.4% "Hispanic." This data again supports MIM's view, not the Spart view.

The sector with the highest representation of "Hispan ics"—farming, forestry and fishing—is 13.9%"Hispanic" as of 1989 (undercounted, of course).(4) Surprise, surprise: This sector of the economy is the least unionized sector, with only 4.6% of people in unions.(5)

As for discrimination, some sectors of the economy are better than others for Blacks, who face the most pay discrimination in white-collar jobs. However, unionized Black workers still face discrimination. The median weekly earnings of unionized Blacks were only 84% that of unionized whites in 1989.(5)

Keep a global perspective on the issue of unionization. The Spartacist League is right that unions generally succeed in getting workers higher wages, but in Amerika, that is not a goal of MIM's, because Amerikan workers already get paid too much more than workers from other countries. This causes white people generally to be an enemy of the world's oppressed, allied with the imperialist class.

Buying from union shops supports the highest paid of Amerikan workers. Unionized workers' median weekly earnings in 1989 were \$494. Non-unionized earnings were \$372. Neither figure represents the pay of exploited works The Sparts just want MIM to give money tonon-exploited workers instead of poorer nonexploited workers, \$494 a week is the annual income of www people in Fhird World countries held back and smelexploited by imposition.

of was element body body of MIM Notes are event to Will for the cash. Price includes more case postage, please send cash, or

2. Workers Vangusrd X1 20/22. 1. Statistical Abatras: Spine United States 1991, p. 488.

lbid., p. 997. lbid., p. 425.

# Aaxs Capital Wieles

by MC86

"The rate of surplus value is therefore an exact expression for the degree of exploitation of labor power by ca ital, or of the laborer by the capitalist."

Marx notes this on page 209 of Capital (International Progress Publishers edition, 1979) and makes it clear, in of exploitation does not measure the absolute amount of excleitation. This will become important when we consider the variance in actual weekly hours worked by the labor aristocracy as compared to the nours worked by, say, Mattel doll-maker production workers in Malaysia. (Yes, they make Barbie there!)

The simple formula for determining the rate of surplus value (exploitation) is to divide the known amount of surplus value (surplus labor, i.e. profit) by the known amount of wages advanced (variable capital). In Marx's day, and in parts of today's world, the wages paid to the worker covered the bare cost of subsistence, that is, the basic cost of reproducing another generation of workers. That does not mean that wages cannot be more than the cost of subsistence if the supply of labor is low and the demand high, etc. The wage itself, its price, its real value as the equivalent payment for the use of the commodity labor power, is subject to the market and is partially legulated (not determined) by motions of supply and demand.

The worker labors for a certain amount of labor time to meet the cost of her/his reproduction. The secret of capitalism is that what appears as an equivalent payment is strationals will seriouncies for research as well and serious serious serious serious serious serious serious amount of times worker traditions contains incliabor films socially necessary norms file cost of subsisteres Sileties in Suminier of tecnomination of this send and EMBERGIAN CHARACTER CONTRIBUTION OF THE SECRETARIES OF CHARACTER CONTRIBUTION OF THE SECRETARIES OF THE SECR uci fina expresses as milimate value compassi vitige salar or insur-ai-ii deinim is-eitheonacail io salar The value of the wages paid for the creation at the CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE the amount of necessary labor time subtracted from the forei feixon stare worked.

This say habortime is hidden from view because Hingexplotted worker does not receive as payment an amounivoidabor embodied in commodities equivalent to the amount of labor time she or he expended necessary to imbue the commodity she or he produced with its social ly-determined value.

In other words, the commodity would not be made at all if a mechanism did nouexisito express its value as a price in the market—a price which already contains its

In reality, the worker is the sole creator of the "profit" (surplus labor) despite the fact that the worker is paid the accurately velved price for his/her labor power. The unpaid labor is surplus labor and it is expressed as surplus value upon the sale of the commodity. The rate of surplus value (exploitation) is surplus labor divided by necessary labor, or surplus value divided by variable capital, or profit divided by wages: s/v. We are not concerned here with the rate of profit which is another, related, story.

A Maytag dishwasher

A given commodity, say a viaytag dishwasher, has a price of \$500 and, for argument's sake, contains a profit for the seller of 20%; or \$100. Also contained within this final price is the multinational corporation's total advance of capital in the production process expressed as constant capital and variable capital, i.e., materials and wages. Let's say that for each dishwasher \$100 in wages were advanced and materials cost \$300. So the capitalist spent \$400 and made a profit of \$100.

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The surplus labor, therefore, equals \$100. The wages are \$100. The surplus labor divided by the necessary labor (s/v) is expressed as \$100 divided by \$100. Prom

Which leader would you choose?

Trotsky

Chart illustrates makeralist analysis of the relative contributions of Stalin and Trotalryism to the mismational profession is quest for communism.

the vantage point of the capitalist, the rate of surplus value is therefore 100%.

Now let us consider a situation where the surplus labor is valued at \$90 and the necessary labor at \$10. This gives us \$90/\$10—rate of surplus value—900%,

Next we consider a situation where the surplus labor is \$10 and the necessary labor is \$90. This gives us \$10/\$90—rate of surplus value—11%.

Under imperialism, the raw materials comprising the mater of the dishwasher were most likely extracted from the Third World. We shall ignore that for the moment, while recognizing mat the parts (agitator, lid, dials, etc.) were very likely made in Thailand. Let us assume that the parts were shipped to the United States, assembled in an Amerikan plant, packaged, transported again, and sold at Sears for \$500.

In our model we are going to assume that the Thai workers were paid at or below subsistence for their locale and that the Amerikan workers were paid at or above subsistence for their locale. The figures we are using are perhaps exaggerations to demonstrate the point. Look at MC5's statistics for production workers in 1977: United States, \$7.60; south Korea, \$0.64. The Amerikan workers are paid more than 10 times the hourty wage of the south Koreans and 50 times the Sri Lankans'. In the model we are making, the Amerikans are paid nine times the amount of the Thais (\$90/\$10) (for the same time period of work).

In the imperialist division of labor necessary for the production of the dishwasher two simple facts stare us in the face: That workers were paid \$10 for creating a surplus of \$90; Amerikan workers were paid \$90 for creating a surplus of \$10. Thus, the rate of exploitation is 900% for the Third World workers and a mere 11% for the Amerikans. "Unfair," says the Trot, "but the Amerikan is still exploited."

Now put that into context. Factory workers in Southeast Asia work 60-80 hour weeks. Amerikan workers do 35-40 hours a week. Even though the rate of exploitation is only 900%, the Thais are working longer hours, creating more material contribution to the product (in an equivalent time period) than the Amerikans; consequently, the absolute amount of exploitation begins at a degree of 900% and spirals up from there into pure misery and overwork, to say the least.

Giving our critics the benefit of the coubt, we shall deal only with the simple equal composition of the labor time embodied in the dishwasher. But even here, because the Thai workers are paid tess (than the Amerikans) for their contribution of labor time, the value they impart to the first, second, (third, or fourth, whatever) stage commodities/products in the process of becoming the final stage commodity-dishwasher—where all the value is realized at once by the sale of the dishwasher—is more than that imparted by the Amerikan assemblers. We can

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simplify this to say that each group works ten hours. The Thais are paid \$1 an hour. The Amerikans are paid \$9 an hour.

Together they receive wages, based on the same period of work-time, that create \$100 of profit and are paid by \$100 in wages. Only, the relation between these two groups of workers is extremely unequal. Given the pay differential, there is no other way to compute this basic inequality. The recipient of the lesser creates the greater surplus value and the recipient of the greater wage creates the less surplus value (if any).

Because of the real existence of the rate of surplus value (explositation), the That workers have contributed a surplus value of \$90 in the same time that the Americans have contributed a surplus value of \$10. And for this unequal contribution of productivity, the Americans have received nine times the wage of the Thats.

But, they are still exploited you say! They are exploited at a rate of 11%! They are creating 11% in surplus value over the wage they receive!

Consider this. Amerikan employers are mandated by law to contribute 7.5% of the worker's wage to Social Security: a material cash benefit which eventually accrues to the worker. FICA deductions are a form of worker savings.

That leaves a rate of exploitation of 3.5% per wage. A union worker in Amerika then receives a pension, welfare, vacation package of roughly 20% acted onto the weekly wage by the employer as a "cost of doing business." Non-union employees may not get this benefit, but here are early some of the benefits most employees get, in one form or another insurance, health-care (inadequate as it may be), imperial si-subsidized agricultural commodities, energy-commodities, roads, military/police protection, etc. They get an imperial st hiestyle/standard of living. We shall calculate this incredibly conservatively at 25% over the wage paid. This leaves an annual subsidy for the average non-union Amerikan worker of 14%.

"But they pay taxes!" the Trot feebly gasps while chutching at the Bill of Rights. Say they pay 10% in taxes. Balance: 4% benefits over the inflated wage. Where did the 4% come from? Did you guess? Hint: it's not from the capitalist.

Now let's pur this into even more specific terms. Take the average Amerikan production/transportation/whita-collar/blue-collar/sérvice worker (for the purpose of this essay we shall consider service workers as links in the productive circuit who help to realize the sale and receive a wage even while adding no surplus value to the particular commodity—another form of subsidy).

The average Amerikan makes, say, \$20,000 a year.
According to our conservative extendations in this model.
You add on 4% (\$800). At the very, very least, average
Amerikan is being subsidized by That worker to the tupe.
MI 1800 a year. At the figure of \$0.64 an hour, the That

comrade works 1,250 hours to create this subsidy. At 60 hours a week it comes to 20.83 weeks a year of hard, labor time.

With the citra money over and above the inflated, as we have seen, wage itself, the Average Amerikan buys dishwashers.

Chapter XI of Capital notes:

"The verigible capital of a capitalist is the expression in money of the total value of all the labor powers that he employs simultaneously. Its value is, therefore, equal to the average value of one labor power, multiplied by the number of labor powers employed. The mass of the samplus value produced is therefore equal to the samplus value which the working day of one laborer supplies multiplied by the number of laborers employed."(p. 287) An equation follows.

What this shows is that the actual subsidy of the average Amerikan "worker" is more than the little 4% it which we just arrived. In all likelihood, given the whole world as a relation of imperishism to oppressed nations, it is more like the neighborhood of 1,000%. The good news is that it may be possible to establish a world-snarket price of labor, even though the worker does not choose the capitalists do choose their workers. As the international projectariat and the oppressed masses seize power around the world, we will have to undertake the task of setting right the world distribution of property based on some estimate of these conditions that we already see right trow.

# Combating common wishful thinking on the white working class

by MC86

It is tempting to look for the slightest tinge of proteinian class interest among that section of the Amerikan nation (the white working class) that participates in production and in the circulation of commodities, as well as in the realization of the social surplus value through the purchasing of commodities for their own communicies.

It is tempting to look for the possibilities of an irreversible, precipitous decline in the economic status of certain strate in the vast Amerikan settler formation. The beleaguered, exploited prolatariat residing in the irremail colonies of Amerika could benefit from a little help, or at least neutrality, from the middle classes—the petry bourgeoiste and the labor aristocracy—during the insurrection/civil war and the preparatory years.

Sender radicals (meaning radicals descended from Electron to ...

some Maoists—have long refused to face the fact that the laber aristocracy is not only not a neutral force, but, if class interests rest on economic interests, not even mildly exploited. To paraphrase Lenin, the petty-bourgeois revolutionaries take the conditions for their own liberation to be the universal demands of mankind:

In terms of party-building this kind of thinking sometimes boils down to promoting left-economist notions of immediate eratification, such as, "Nuke war tomorrow? Oh shit, where do I sign up?" Such an understanding avoids the international class autivals necessary to best promote revolution.

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To truly take the stand of the international proletariat means to put our analysis in the spot where the oppressed exist: with no choices available but further oppressionor rebellion. We can strive to do this even during the periods when the masses actually standing in that spot have not yet realized their strength. For a revolutionary hanging by his/her thambs in a cold Peruvian prison waiting for the flames to hit. Amerika must look like one large, undifferentiated mass of class enemies.

That's from the outside of this toilet. Inside it, we must make the differentiation and coldly separate friend from foe. The friends will throw themselves into the flames to annihilate the flame-throwers. The foes will stand a little distance apart at the last moment. As groups, this will be decided, in the final analysis, by the historical group-

In the beginning, we decide what groups are worth our efforts building for those decisive moments. If there is even a faint hope that the Amerikan "working class" is waiting in the wings for revolution; then it would make sense to organize for the demands of this group. (MIM: seeks to organize amongst all groups at all times, but it only organizes for the demands of the oppressed, not the oppressors.)

"MIM holds that, at the present, the majority of white workers in this country—skilled workers, trade uniquists, paper-pushers, etc.—do not represent a revolutionary class. They do not create surplus value as much as reapportion the surplus which results from superexploitation of the Third World and oppressed internal nations. They are not prepared to abandon bourgeois aspirations and mainly high-paying jobs to drop everything for the good of the international proletariat."(1)

"An ha!" exclaims the desperately vacillating nature of the petty-bourgeals revolutionary. "Just wait until they lose those high-paying jobs and become prepared to abandon their bourgeois aspirations! Then they shall be friends!"

The cold-hearted Maoist replies, "Dream on, by that point what's left of them shall still be white-collar fascists defending a starving fortress. Amerika and firing bullets at Third World Maoist armies, while eating old Span and lining up to perish for the 'right' of their toxicmutated children to "live free or die!""

These settlers are perfectly willing to fight and die for the continued ability of their group to experience the taste of that rich and famous, completely corrupted. scemingly immortal lifestyle.

An article by Lenin, who died before neocotonialism really pumped up the imperialist alliances of the labor anistocracy and expanded the "shift in class relations," still says it well:

The greater part of Western Europe might then assume the appearance and character already exhibited by tracts of country in the South of England, in the Riviera, and in the tourist-ridden or residential parts of Italy. and Switzedand, little clusters of wealthy aristocrats drawing dividends and pensions from the Far East, with a

Most white workers in this country are not prepared to ditch bourgeois aspirations and high-paying jobs to drop everything for the good of the international proletariat.

somewhat larger group of professional retainers and tradesmen and a larger body of personal servants and workers in the transport trade and in the final stages of production of the more perishable goods; all the main arterial industries would have disappeared, the staple foods and semi-manufactures flowing in as tribute from Axia and Africa... We have foreshadowed the possibility of even a larger utiliarice of Western states, a European federation of Great Powers which, to the from forward. ing the cause of world civilization, main introduce life gigantic peril of a Western parasitizm, a group of , advanced industrial nations, whose upper classes draw vast tribute from Asia and Africa, with which they gue ported great tame masses of retainers, no longer sha in the staple industries of agriculture and manufacture but kept in the performance of personal or minor inclutrial services under the control of a new financial artiracy."(2)

The above quote was from Hobson; a "scolar land" whom Lenin found useful to quote, lest ha lieved. To wenid be communist organizers of aristocracy, Lenin ductained: "At the the are favoring on the opportunists, who the allest leterial as a class, who are the leterial as a class, who are the servants the congenies and the vehicles of its influence the labor movement rids itself of them. kourgesis labor movament. (3) 🗐

What is killed panythist p.2.
 Lv. Lenin, Importables and the Spill in Contains.

# Appendix 1: Accounting for profits from individual businesses

by MC5 January 18, 1992

In 1987, corporations made \$328.2 billion in profits.
Individually owned non-farm businesses made another
\$105.5 billion in profits. Partnerships took a \$5.4 billion
loss in 1987.(1)

People doing studies tend to focus on corporate profits. The individually owned businesses making \$105.5 billion in profits is a little murky because the government assigns zero salary to these business owners and calls everything that they make a profit. This kind of operation will include some situations where one person exploits many workers, but it will also include situations in which one person works alone. So, if you own a grocery stere, the government says you are entitled to no salary, just profits. For Marxist theory concerning surplus value, this is not satisfactory.

In any case, this argument about the non-exploitation of the labor aristocracy does not bringe on one little fact. Even if it were all really profits and not salaries, \$105 billion is too small to make a difference to the overall argument.

Motor: Statistical Abstract of the United States 1991, p. 525:

## Appendix 2: Underreported imperialist investments

by MC5 January 19, 1992

"Direct investment" counts only business assets owned abroad. It does not count loans. It is also relatively easy for U.S. individuals to keep hidden their ownership of various stocks in foreign companies abroad.

Direct U.S. investment in 1989 was \$90.6 billion in the developing countries. Another \$714 million was in South Africa.(1)

As an example, these figures do not give a very clear picture because the overall investment figure for South Africa stone was \$14 billion, depending on what was counted, according to an old Jack Anderson column circulated by MilM.

Both for tax and political reasons, the imperialists have

an interest in underreporting or creative accounting when it comes to investment abroad. They pretend they have less wealth than they do and they report lower profits than they receive: Who is going to check on them or know? And the local government may be quite happy to turn a blind eye to the company's tax evasion in the United States: Why should a Third World comprador elite alienate its multivational corporate friends by reporting them to the IRS? Why not just keep taking the bribes and keep quiet?

Another way U.S. assets abroad are undercounted is that, creative accounting and international tax evasion aside, the imperialists pay dirt cheap wages for the assets they construct in the Third World. A mine, factory, tool or office building that the imperialists build in the Third World is done for maybe one-tenth the price it is done in the United States, so as far as Markists are concerned, the report of imperialist assets in the Third World could be completely honest by imperialist standards and still not reflect the realities of where the dead labor is.

Notes: Statistical Abstract of the United States 1991, p. 797.

## Appendix 3: MIM's jargon is the terminology of the oppressed nations

by MC5 February 15, 1992

The leader of the Russian revolution, V. I. Lenin, used the terms "Russian chauvinism," "great nation chauvinism," "imperialist economist charvinism;" etc., to refer to various one-sided, blazed, provincial and prejudiced thinking not in line with internationalism. Lenin did not make much use of the word, "recism," MIM does not use the word "racism" much either, although racism exists: Instead, MIM observes scientifically that race does not exist and that what really happens in the United States is national oppression, not racial oppression. "Racism" does exist as an element of the superstructure of society, which is to say the ideas and culture, but "racista" is a product of national oppression, including the explaination and englavement of various nations by others. Racism can only be disguised, never climinated by propagating notifically correct etilizades, because racism is just a justification for exploitation and ensignment. To rid the world of this exploitation and enslavement requires armed struggle against the imperialists.

Within the Soviet Union, Russia was only one nation. Lenin was alwaya worned that his Russian and Russian-

Theory No. 1 - Children 1988 - 1987 - 17

influenced comrades would put down varieties nations within the Soviet Union. "Russian chaughtsm" was a term referring to the joins of the dominant nation within the Soviet Union.

The term great nation changinism referred to the has of powerful countries against small countries, it could notibe wished away, because imperations among the nations revolutionized before such attitudes can be changed systematically.

counterrevolutionary changinism in the First World.

aviily befreves first most letter grows in the United States have the most severe case of impendist economist changing for reforms in the continuous of me workers in the imperalist countries instead of taking the view of the oppressed people. The U.S. empire exploits more workers than any other empire in history, but still the settler—"leftists" want U.S. workers to improve their living conditions at the expense of Third World workers even more.

"White supremacy" and "white nation chauvinism" refer to biases and discrimination caused by the underlying economic relationship between nations. We just take out the word "Russian" and put in "white." and then we locate the cause of the problem in the same kinds of things about which Lenin was talking. So "white nation chauvinist" is the most strongly Leninist phrase we can use. We would use exclusively "Amerikan-chauvinist," but we think that would confuse some readers, because they don't realize that "Amerikan" means white nation; it's not used that much.

On top of all that, we've heard indigenous and Latino people criticize the use of the word "American." Indigenous people say they are the Americans. So used by itself without reference to whites, "American" could be construed as mocking or ignoring the oppression of indigenous peoples. In addition, Latino people say "America" is not just the United States. "Settler" is somewhat better for these critics, as is "white."

Then if youread the Ku Kiux Klan slogans you realize, that they see whites as a nation, and if you mink about it, it is true. Sometimes MIM says "Euro-Amerikan chauvinism," but even the hydren, because their people say there are "Afro-Amerikans, etc. MIM says it is useless to talk about "Irish-Americans," it alian Americans, "Korean-Americans" in this content. The continuous term "white chauvinism" is that it doesn't have that hyphen and therefore avoids any implication that the white groups are not fully magnifed the Chambolish have us believe) or that there are fully incorporated minorities in the United States. Some white groups occasionally organize politically as in they were not part of the superexploitation of the United World, in order to fool

appressed peoples into uniting with them for their wities article poels.

American, von, andy mises churchy to chew how dissisconstruction, and mises churchy to chew how dissisconstruction, and characteristic control of the better units of
"America," Since Greek-Amerikans benefit from the
oppression implemented by U.S. impedations" to destroy
ever gets up and casis on "Greek-Americans" to destroy
Amerika, so wind doesn't one about that kind of clinicity.

Min is saying that the Europeas countellines did Intograte into something we can will American. Milk knows it's nonsense to talk about "Aliss-Americans," etc., because, as Malcolm X satir-ins-oppossed uniformities are treated as second-on-thing-class, not not Americans. They are separate nations in ediperious and subjectives.

The term "settler" is not inherent ethnic or national memory.

While the word is not exactly "discovered" technically, the indigenous peoples "settled" North America, probably by coming from Asia through what is now Alaska "Settler" says nothing about the relations of domination either. "Colonist" is a better term in some contexts.

MIM tends to use "settler," "Euro-Amerikan" and "white" interchangeably, being careful not to use in the wrong context. All the terms have their problems. "Euro-Amerikan" has the advantage of evoking a history but the disadvantage of all the hyphen reasoning ther" is vague and "white" plays into the "anti-racist" ways of looking at the world.

Most of the "anti-racist" people think if we could change attitudes and individual behaviors—especially by having everyone attend the proper finishing schools (called colleges) with the proper politically correct codes—we could solve the problem, whereas MIM says that stuff gets used to focus the disempowered on window dressing so they will avoid the power issue.

# Appendix 4: Calculations for the refunction of the Left Business Oferever

by MC5

February 15, 1992

In this section we explain in detail something which is building to a some with a basic knowledge of reality. We start with Amerikan "leftist" assumptions and show that they have no possibility of fitting the facts.

Amerikan chauvinist Tieftisi Taiks as if there was furplus collected from the Third World by U.S. imperialism. There are on and on about conditions in the United States being so oppressive and they never talk about the superproduction from the Third World. So here we will assume that the surplus comes from the Third World. Next we will deal with the alleged exploitation of workers residing in the United States, starting with oppressed national uninorities, which most "leftists" admit face discrimination.

To do this we consider Gross National Product (GNP).

The GNP is all the goods and services produced in a year. That s how to count GNP by looking at production. Another way to count up the GNP is to break it up into the various sectors of consumption—private consumption, government consumption and investment purposes. Yet another way to look at the same thing is to look at the incomes that that year to spend. (If someone does not spend his/her money and saves it, the bank invests it, so it's still part of GNP.) All parts of the GNP can be although that may seem strange, it's a good way to count everything up.

As Marxists who accept the labor theory of value we know that all of the GNP comes from labor. The GNP is just a numerical expression of value, which is labor. In the United States, the government counts as U.S. GNP everything regardless of the nationality of the people who produced it.

Not counting people of Asian descent, indigenous people or illegal aliens, and just counting Blacks and "Hispanics," the government says minorities accounted for 17.5% of employed workers as of 1989.(1) Let's round off to count some of the other minorities and say conservatively that the minorities account for 20%. So minorities do 20% of the labor and account for 20% of the GNP, because we started with the Amerikan leftist assumption that the Third World does not pay a hidden subsidy to the U.S. GNP.

Well, so how shall we account for the profits that the capitalists made from these workers? How exploited are these workers? How much of the \$293.3 billion in profits come just from the oppressed minorities?

According to the government, Black income is about 62% of white income. Of course, the government doesn't even count how little illegal aliens are paid, because it doesn't count them. These people make \$1-2 an hour; thus they bring down the average quite a bit for oppressed minorities. Another factor that brings down minority income is the debt never paid to them for a history of slavery and generate work-free income. White people tend to own real estate and houses from which they get have no such assets. But let's be

generous to the ignorant white charvinists and say that the capitalists actually pay minorities 70% of the income disciplance with the same amount as winters, the capitalists would only get 20% of their profits from oppressed minorities in this model, assuming the Third World accounts for nothing. However, because of discrimination, the oppressed minorities account for higher percentage of profits than 20%.

How much of the profits do oppressed minorities account for? Well, if the capitalists make a profit off of white workers, they make an even bigger profit off the minority workers, so if we calculate wrong, we would estimate that the capitalists get more profits than they do. If we say that the rate of exploitation is 100% for white workers, then that will add up to half as many profits. If we say that will add up to half as many profits. It's still a lot of profits though.

From looking at the figures. MIM knows that it is not possible that white workers are exploited. The reason is that, in this hypothetical model, minority workers alone account for \$293.3 billion in profits. Here's how:

Let's assume the exploitation rate of white workers is 0%—relatively good conditions. That means they produce no surplus for the capitalists. Zero percent exploitation rate is good for minority workers, too, because that means they get 70% of a non-exploited wage. In contrast, getting 70% of an income representing exploitation is no good for minorities and represents even more profits for the capitalists.

So if oppressed minorities get 70% of what white workers have a 0% exploitation rate, now much profit does that mean for the capitalists?

Well, the capitalist cays, "Shoot, I think I better buy off the white workers, so I can have peace and expand abroad really fast. How much profit can I get just by paying minority workers 70% of what white workers get?"

The capitalist who has studied Marx whips out his calculator.

"So, minorities do 20% of the labor, eh? OK, OK, well if I don't exploit the white workers and I pay the minorities 70%..."

That means they get:

70% of 20% = 14% of the GNP

And the capitalist says: "That leaves me 6% of the GNP, just for discriminating against the minorities. Let's see, GNP was \$4.4 trillion:

6% of \$4.4 trillion = (.06)(4.4 trillion) = \$264 billion

"Excellent!"

In reality, before-tax profits were \$293.3 billion, not much more than the \$264 billion in profits that came

capitalists really only pay minorities 65% of what they pay whites, then the profits are:

(1 - .65)(20%)(\$4.4 trillion) = \$308 billion

Since profits were really only \$293 billion, that is not possible unless we recalculate with the assumption that white workers actually get a share of the profits and that the exploitation rate for white workers is negative. None of that is to mention that after-tax profits were only \$173 billion in 1989.

Hence we find the following assumptions cannot coexist:

- 1. The Third World does not make a hidden subsidy to the U.S. GNP, because it is not even exploited by the United States capitalists.
  - 2. Minorities do 20% of the labor.

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- 2. The capitalists pay minorities 65% or less of the wages white workers get.
  - 4. The white workers are exploited.

The fourth assumption must be dropped, and in reality so must the first. If any profits come from the Third World, there is that much less profit that could be coming from white workers. Indeed, that surplus from the Third World can go to white workers while the capitalist lives off the minorities within the United States.

Notes: Statistical Abstract of the United States 1991, pp. 395, 548.

# "The rich get richer and the poor get..."

by MC5 MIM Notes 37, April 8, 1989

Before the national elections in 1992, many misleading figures about the middle class are being tossed about as a part of campaigning. This article from 1989 still sounds very fresh. It shows that 80% of U.S. residents improved their economic position between 1979 and 1987 or stayed the same. Only the bottom from became poorer. The reason the United States is able to improve the position of its middle classes year after year is U.S. imperialism's exploitation of the Third World.

"Taking inflation into account, the average family income of the poorest fifth of the population declined by 6.1 percent from 1979 to 1987, while the highest-paid American saw family income rise 11.1 percent."(1) The widening rich-poor gap continues to indict the possibility of the Amerikan dream.

Even a U.S. Representative on the House Ways and

Means Comminge, which is such the March report on incomes, admined final this was due to income invisions hand of the market.

In an attempt to deny the government's complicity in the success of capitalism, the heart economist of the Ways and Means Committee said, "There are a let of forces at work out there."(2)

On the surface, the rising gap between fich and poor lends some credibility to the arguments of MIM's "left ist" critics. With growing class polarization, the labor aristocracy in the United States should be increasing.

Still, MIM has always maintained that the mobilizing in the interests of the bottom fifth of Amerikan society. The other four-fifths of society held their own or saw their income increase.(3) Hence, the thesis that the majority of Amerikan workers are benefitting from U.S. imperialism is still supported by the study. The bottom fifth are not the same thing as the working class in society. It is only a section of the Amerikan working class.

Average family income in Amerika was \$29,487 in 1987. The income of the bottom fifth averaged \$5,107 that same year.

#### Change in family income 1979-87

1987 constant dollars
Bottom fifth
Next poorest
Middle
Next to wealthiest
9.3%
Wealthiest
15.6%

Hence despite all the social-democratic ruckus about the Reagan years, what the Congressional investigation shows is that there has been no economic basis to mobilize a majority of Amerikans for socialism. At the same time, the Black proletariat and other proletarians in the bottom fifth continue to face conditions conducive to revolution.

Those so-called socialists who attempt to preach a political line that sounds pleasing to the middle classes will end up corrupting their line and supporting the status quo in subtle and not-so-subtle ways.

Notes.

1. New York Times 3/23/89, p.1. The Times repeated this story on 3/5/92, p.

Al to show that the income of the top fifth of families increased 29% from
1977-1989, while the income of the bottom fifth of families decreased by 9%,
all adjusted for inflation. In fact, some economists argue this scale undercounts
the gains of the middle class because it doesn't count non-taxable capital gains,
especially gains from home-selling and pensions. Wall Street Journal 3/12/92
p. 10.

2. Ibid., p.12.

3. In the updated story, the Times reported that income for the fourth fifth dropped by 1% from 1977-1989. Median family income rose 4%.

# Eastern strike—a lesson

by MCØ
Exerpted from MIM Notes 37, April 8, 1989

On March 4, 1989, Eastern Airlines machinists joined by pilots, flight attendants and baggage handlers, began their strike for wage and benefit demands and the security of their jobs, which are being undermined by Eastern owner Frank Lorenzo. Lorenzo, who also owns Texas Air, Continental, System One Reservation System, and an air industry holding company called Jet Capital Corporation, is attempting to break the union and bankrupt Eastern for the profit of his other companies. And he may succeed.

Lorenzo is demanding \$150 million in cuts in workers' wages. The union believes that Eastern is solvent and could increase workers'-wages \$50 million and still operate successfully.

Pilots, mechanics and represent the United States—a class that is not revolutionary because of the Denefits it receives from the system. Pilots make very high salaries; however, Eastern now reports having 100 applications for relatively inexperienced pilots willing to start at \$18,000 a year.(1) The top hourly wages in airline jobs give some indication of this:

### Airline industry hourly wages

	3.5. 1	Dama Warkers	
	Mechanics	Ramp Workers	
Eastern	18.83	15.60	
American	18.78	15.51	_
Continental	16.00	n.a.	
Delta	20.10	17.47	
Northwest	20.05	16.53	_
United	20.05	16.57	
USAir	20.10	15.93	_
AP in New York 7	Times 3/7/89, p. 10.		_

Reservation workers receive \$270 for foundays work.

Ticket-counter workers receive \$280 for four days and middle-level management receives up to \$640. These kinds of workers were laid off by Eastern Airlines because of the strike by the machinists who make appreximately twice as much money. (One also suspects that more women work in the lower-paying jobs and manifestic machinists' jobs.)(2)

The Eastern strike has prompted an analysis of unions to the United States 1988 saw the lowest number of workers in the United States in 40 years. The percentage of workers in unions has declined from 35% in the 1950s to

makes undo: 45 years of age, similar to the pilots and inmakes undo: 45 years of age, similar to the pilots and inmachinism on strike against Eastern."(3)

the involving white male machinists and pilots against white male management in which their interests aren't at stake, 'said D. Quinn Mills, a labor specialist at Harvard University."

Admittedly, the analysis of the Lastern strikers presented here is inadequate. The teader should want to know what the average income of the sufficers is, and the union's racial and gender composition by occupation.

Then there is the question of what will happen to these workers if some or all are eventually replaced.

Still other "leftist" publications, such as in Triese Times, Workers' World and the Guardian, merely engaged in cheerleading for the Eastern strikers. The thought of a big powerful union fighting it out gets a lot of "leftists" going.

Jesse Jackson promised to join the picket lines if necessary and if the courts allowed support from other unions. New York Governor Mario Cuomo said the Eastern strikers' cause was a "fair" one, one that was "within the law."(4)

As usual, the Trotskyist Workers Vanguard was the cheerleader that made sure to jump the highest. Workers Vanguard called on workers to shut down the airports and engage in civil disobedience to defy court injunctions. Then Workers Vanguard criticized union leaders for making "impotent appeals." (4)

Eastern's unions are content to wait for the count to rule

### \$4173-bittion

(yearly U.S. corporate profits)

Where do these profits come from?

# Third World workers & Oppressed Nationworkers in the

USA

Third Hould wenters

Oppressed Nation workers & white workers

The Left Business Observer, the Spartacist League and most "left" groups in the United States tell Will and the exploited and superexploited of the world that the U.S. imperialists get some of that \$1/3 billion from white workers. These white chauvinist "left" groups think the U.S. imperialists exploit the Third World and oppressed minorities for less than \$1/3 billion a year! As Lema would say, what "phillistine-opportunism":

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in their favor and are willing to negotiate with a courtapocined examiner in spite of the evidence on which to indict Lorenzo. This is the security imperialism provides to the unions and their workers. The surplus extracted from the periphery (Third World) makes it so the majority of Amerika can fly and the majority of "poor"

Amerikan jobs pay more than poverty wages.

The powerful union at Eastern is capable of drawing attention the way the sir-traffic controllers union PATCO strikers did years ago. That is not to say that Eastern strikers will be a model of economic or political militance: they receive material benefits which make them aspire to the Amerikan dream and side with imperialism and the status que.

1. New York Times \$/20/89, p. 13. 2. NYT 3/7/89, p. 10: 3. NYT 3/9/89, p. 11.

4. Worders Vanguerd 3/31/69, p. 8.

### Pittston strike shows depth of white working class alliance

by MCØ MIM Notes 38, November 9, 1989

In this article, MIM shows that even those few white workers who do face harsh working conditions do not see themselves as belonging to an exploited class. Rather, they see the better material reality of most white people in this country and seek to join that reality instead of organizing as a class for revolution,

These white workers are correct about their position, mainly because they are too few and scattered to form a cohesive class. If a large fraction of Euro-Amerikans lived in conditions like the coal miners', it might be a different story. But as it is, mine workers know from experience that most people from the white nation succeed in exercising their options to get out of the harsh conditions options besides revolution.

As white charvinists, lacking confidence in the growing strength of the Third World working classes to destroy U.S. imperialism and capitalism everywhere, the "left" has seem decades desperately cheerleading for movement after movement with no potential for revolutionary consciousness. Until it comes to grips with the reality of superprofits and national oppression, the "left" will never understand why it is so ineffective.

In what is considered a revival of the Amerikan labor provement by working class activists, the United Mine Workers of America (UMWA) went on strike against

Pitiston Coal Company in January 1989. Here the corporate and left media diverged. The mainstream basically ignored the strike while the Trotskyist and cheerleading progressive" movements screamed class war and held out for the first national strike in U.S. history.

Mining is one of the hardest jobs and poses great risks to health. And there is no doubt that companies such as Pittsien rip-off the miners and underdevelop their communities as they make buge profits:

Labor periodicals and speakers go to great lengths to note the history of this rip-off. In 1972, a Pittsian coal waste dam broke and killed 125 people. (1) The history of black hing and lung cancer and the dependency on the mining income which can disappear without notice in a legoff—these are the daily realities of the Appalechian coal communities:

With their unique culture and obvious exploitation, it is researable to ask if miners in the Amerikan South constiinto a force for revolutionary change. In the last 65 years of organizing the answer is a resounding no.

First, viewing the nation as a whole, the miners constitute only a small fraction of the working population; they are an insufficient base for revolutionery change. None of the popular left magazines (Zeta and The Guardian, for example) bother to cite the actual number of workers on strike. Nor do they go to any lengths to show the rejection of the miners' demands by the test of the working class. No matter how many sympathetic national leaders there may be in the miners! headquarters—Camp Solidarity—there are no sympathy strikes in U.S. labor.

As J. Sakai points out, approximately 10% of the Euro-American population is living in poverty, but they are scattered and socially diffuse, and their demands do not carry through organized labor as a whole.

Second, in spite of the lower standard of living (an exception to the general rule for the white population) the relationship between these communities and the assets of imperialism remains, Sakai details the history of radical organizing which has taken place in Appelachia.

"Precisely because of this stark, deeply ingrained tradition the Appalachian mining communities have been special targets of radical organizing efforts. The Communist Party USA has had organizers in the mountains for some 60 years. It was there during the 1920s that the most famous of the CPUSA's 'Red Unions'—the National Miners Union Ied the coal miners into the bitter, violent Hartan County Strike

"Despite the 60 years of repeated radical organizing drives there has been, in fact, zero revolutionary progress among the mining communities. Despite the history of bloody union battles, class consciousness has never moved beyond an embryonic form, at best. There is no indigenous revolutionary activity—none—or traditions, Loyalty to U.S. imperialism and harred of the colonial peoples is very intense. We can see a denalment of the

connection between simple exploitation and class consciousness "(2)

Zeta repeatedly attempts to bill the international character of the union by citing telegrams of soliderity from South Africa, England and Australia and depionstrating "broad" domestic support: the city of Boston, church leaders, and other unions. However, when one spakesperson for the UMWA was asked what involvement the miners had with struggles in the Third World, he retailed "basically none." The miners and the Troiskyist left frequently make comparisons (there are even posters) between themselves and South Africa or Poland, but the miners take no stand against the imperialism of the mother country. A recent opinion study found that members of Amerikkan unions are in the group most likely to hate Mexicans.(3)

The miners, rather than looking to revolution and alliance with the Third World to beat the oppressor, section to re-cement their band with imperialism in the form of the company. They are not on strike to nationalize the mine, provide national health care, or condemn rent as theft. Instead, they want their company benefits back and their wages increased to provide the living standard of the rest of Amerika.

In an attempt to show the changing labor alliances, Zeta presented a miner saying, "I never had a problem with State police, I always supported them when they struck for nigher wages." Likewise, Lane Kirkland, president of the AFL-CIO, considers a check for \$50,000 from the United Steelworkers to the UMWA an act of tabor solidarity which "promises a brighter future for the American labor movement." And this while wrapping himself in an Amerikan flag.

In August 1989, UMWA Vice President Cecil Roberts declared, "This is class war. The working class versus the corporate rich and their allies in the state and federal government."(4) But the class character of people in the mining industry contradicts this distinction. First, the miners support the extensive strip mining and envisonmentally darkaging corporations in the interest of having jobs. Second, U.S. mine labor recognizes that it has a good deal in terms of wages, benefits and access to the chego commodities available on favorable terms everywhere in the USA.

Sakal extrapolates with the case of Martin County, Kentucky."

This has long been one of the poorest counties in the U.S. There are no highways, no sewage system, no rarbage collection, no hospitals or even movie theaters, and one radio station and one fast-food franchise restauant for its 14,000 citizens. The community is ripped off, aploited to an extreme degree...

"One corporation dominates the economy. In fact, it was it.... Over the fifty year life of the coal field, Nor-A Western Railroad's [the mining company] total

neturn will be something like \$1.5 billion or 6,000% on their investment."(5)

But even in an area this poor, with rampant environmental destruction and much of the population living below poverty, there was no rebellion. The simple fact is that the money for those working the mines was good. The average miner's wage was around \$30,000 while the

A Euro-Amerikan nativist might argue that the radicals attempting to organize the UMWA or mine workers in general shared too little. in common with the miner to be accepted and trusted. However, there is no indigenous movement for radical social change and the settlers in these areas willingly collaborate with the state and industry to form their alliance.

poverty line was under \$8,000. It is a class of workers who would rather align with the managers, corporations, and government to ensure their benefits than break the state.

it is a worthy goal of the Pittsion strike to demand the support of the retired, disabled and dependent people, but this does not excuse the parasitism of white settler culture—a culture which is willing to destroy the environment and uphold the foundations of capitalism so that a few can get rich.

This is not surprising if we remember that John Mitchell, one of the founders of the UMWA, cooperated with the National Civic Federation program to head off radicalism in labor by forming a "responsible" group of leaders who could formulate compromises with industry. A Euro-Amerikan nativist might argue that the radicals attempting to organize the UMWA or mine workers in general shared too little in common with the miner to be accepted and trusted. However, there is no indigenous movement for radical social change and the settlers in these areas willingly collaborate with the state and industry to form their alliance. In short, the working class in the UMWA is no more radical than that Boeing or Eastem, and none of these meversents have the interest of Third World people in slopping the imperialism of white Amerika 🔳

- J. Sabar, Sanders: The Mythology of the White Prolemnat, 1933, p.153.
- Availeds from Miki for \$10, postage pold.

  3. W. Cornelius, "America in the Era of Limits, bliggratis, Nativists and the France of U.S. Mexican Ratarious," 1982.

### GM closes shop in Amerika

by MC99 & MC11 MIM Notes 61, February 1992

General Moters Corp., the world's largest automaker and symbol of Amerikan capitalism and industrial strength, sent ripples of fear through Amerika with its recent encouncement of plans for massive layoffs and U.S. plant closurgs.

But Gla's decision to reduce its production capacity to the United States is not the immediate threat to the write working class standard of living that it has been made out to be. In fact, the move reflects the auto giant's attempt to maintain the affluent Amerikan lifestyle by doing what every good imperialist enterprise looks to do in this bloody, final stage of capitalist development—find ways to extract more profit from oppressed narrows.

As GM loves U.S. market share to rivel imperialist Japanese a foresters and seeks to dedge some of the high labor costs of its home market, the company—ranked No. 1 in Fortune magazine's list of the world's biggest comparations—is expanding its production in market, where the labor is cheaper and the profits higher.

The species of well-paying Amerikan jobs forever lost is illustry, however, because it is in Gid's interest to continue its long tradition of grossly overpaying Amerikan workers so they can buy more cars and he willing accomplices to pillaging the Third World. The company's production facilities may be moving overseas, but its padded management positions remain largely in the United States, ready to be filled by "skilled" white paper-shuffiers. The profits extracted from production across will mostly be sent home to continue to buy the allegiance of Amerika's white working class. It is members of Amerika's oppressed colories within the labor asistic racy that will likely feel the pinch at home.

For the oppressed people of the world, CM is amouncement means that the king of bloodsucking multirationals may be coming soon to a awestabop near you, as it pours more resources into expansion abroad. It slat means, ultimately, that the oppressed regions will gain increasing control over GM is shiftly to produce. And the more competates like GM depend on cheap Third World labor, the easier it becomes for the oppressed to pull the rug car from under them and deal capitalism a death-know.

GM's cutbacks in North Amerika seclude laying off 74.000 weekers and closing 21 of its 125 assembly and parts plants. This is the third major reduction in its domestic market that GM has made in the past six years. In 1986 GM closed 11 plants, and in October 1990 eight more plants were shuttered. Both the salaried work force and the hourly work force will be reduced to half the 1985 size.(1) Buccutive positions at GM are not being out or restructured.

As part of its strategy to maximize profit GM pitted two plants against each other with the realistic hope of getting labor concessions. GM concunced on Dec. 13, 1991 that it would close either it's car assembly plant in A lighter. Tex., or Willow Run in Yostland. Much. The durant of jab lose led the respective local unions to give care blanche to their leaders to negotiate with GM.(2) MilM sees these tactics as characteristic of the labor aristocracy, which knows when it is time to kiss ass.

In addition to eliminating high paying production jobs GM wants to add a find smitt—moving toward non-stop production (2) This is typically a way for a capitalist to get more surplus labor in a shorter period of time-which translates into increased profit. But in Amerika, where white workers as a group are actually paid more than the value of their labor power, it functions as a way to furned more money toward GM's union, the United Auto Workers, rather than spending it on keeping extra plants open.

Even the 70,000 UAW weaters to be laid off in the coming round of culbacks don't have much to werry about, however—their cushy contract provides for them to be said at 90% of their case salary for at least 36 weeks, after which they must be rehired or gaid their full salary to either do nothing or work in a community-joks type program.(3) When the current contract expires in September 1993, the same benefits will likely be extended for a longer period. Others will retire early and live off the more than \$1,500-a-month plus health care benefits that GM pays those retiring before age 62.(4)

Ford Moior Co. and Chrysler Corp., the two other members of the U.S. auto oligopoly, give their weakers executably the same deal. In the U.S., wages and benefits top \$21 an hour for the 800 000 people employed in building suges and muto page (5)

Compare that with the \$1.55-\$5.50 an hour that U.S. automakers pay workers in Mexico, where they are rapidly expecting their production capacity (6). The manufacturing real wage in Identic fluctuates around \$4 per day. (7) Or take Taiwan, where Gibl recently announced a joint venture to produce cars with a Taiwaness company; the average wage for autoworkers there is \$4.52, about 23% of a U.S. autoworker's earnings. (5) Civi also has assembly operations in Indonesia, Brazil, actub Korea and Egypt, to make a few, and fast merch announced a new truck-making venture in China. (3)

Only 12% of GM's 761,000 bounty and salested employees are in countries other than the United States, Centris and Europe. But the smallness of the percentage just indicates the hugeness of the experience. GM does

MAI Thoughts 1 - Spring 1982 - page 2

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not break down in its Annual Report how much it pays its hourly workers overseas. But the company clearly isn't making a profit off its \$13.20-an-hour U.S. workers, so we know a's bleeding that 12% for all it can take (10)

U.S. parasites benefit in another way from multinationals like GM transferring production to the Third World; of the nearly 1 million vehicles currently being built in Mexico, close to 400,000 are for export, mainly to the. U.S. and Canada (6) This means Amerikans get a buge discount on the price of their cars because they are built so cheaply by massively explained Mexican labor, With 37 plants seross the border—the largest of which employs 42,000 workers—GM is one of the top three private sector corporations exponing from Mexico to the U.S.(9)

GM is one of many Amerikan corporations laying off workers. The squeeze appears to be on, but will the labor aristocracy really lose its privilege and slide over to the revolutionary class? No. The U.S. Iabor aristocracy may be experiencing a printing; but it knows that the ruling class will continue to shale with them a portion of the fruit extracted from oporessed nations in exchange for acting as a social and political prep for imperialism.

As imperialist multipational corporations like GM intensify the existing contradiction between oppressed nations and imperialist Amerika, the conflict between rival imperialist powers is escalating as well. President George "you make me puke" Bush's trip to Japan with the three top U.S. auto executives in tow and the bristly response they received from their Japanese counterparts was the scene of just one battle in the trade war heating up between the two imperialist states

As capitalism advances, the insperialists will try harder and harder to destroy each other in order to survive, at the same time as they become more dependent on Third World labor for their profits. For the world's oppressed building cars for white Amerikans to drive, this means revolution is increasingly within their grasp. T

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L New York Times 12/19/91 p. A.I.

2 HYT 12/19/91 p. C1.

2. A2 in Los Angeles Times, 4/16/91.

4. UAW-CM Report, 10/87.

- 5. U.S. Department of Labor, Burban of Labor Statistics, Childe of Freductivity and Technology, published in MVMA Mosor Valuete Faces & Figures '91,.. 71. Available from The biener Vehicle Manufacturers Association: 202- ;

5. Forses, 972/91. 7. Dollars and Sense, 6/91

8. New York Times, 1/15/92, p. C2.

9. Wookly News Update on Mesnagus and the American 899, 12/22/91.

10 CM Annual Report 1990, p. 45.

### Reviews: White supremacy in the Amerikan mainstream

Blood in the Pace: The Ku Klux Klan, Aryan Nations: Naxi Skinkeeds, and the Rise of the New White Culture

By James Ridgeway

Throder's Mouth Press: New York, 1990

by MC12

Slood in the Face is a book and movie combo about white supremacy, ender the direction of Issues Ridgeway, who writes for the Village Voice in New York City.

The book covers general trends in white successary over the last century, while inc movie documents a single white supremacist conference held in rural Michigan in 1990. Between the two, the creaters being a sketchy picture of these movements which offsis a lot of good infermarion but not much understanding of the roots of racism, national oppression and the material basis for fascism in Amerika.

Taking something of a zoo-goet's approach, these efforts tend to look at the masses of white supremacists as alienated deviants, manipulated and cuped by greater powers. According to this rowentic (sad common) view. working class whites can't benefit from white supremacy, but are themselves victims of it.

For example, the book emphasizes the leadership of powerful monopolists such as Henry Ford, who was the "main publicist" of lewish conspiracy theories in the 1920s. Ridgeway suctes Adolf Hitler as saying, "I wish I could send some of my shock troops to Chicago and other big American cities to help in the elections ... We look to Heinrich Ford as the leader of the growing fascist movement in America..."(p.43)

Although Ridgeway & Co. place too much emphasis, on the demagogic leaders of white supremacist movements, they concerly warn of the increasing tendency iowais openiy fessist organization among white workers,

Che Nazinooi-and-die worker from a Michigan auto common people, everyday all-American people ... we're just we've realized that the only thing we've got to thank for the position we're in is our white culture, and we're not going to let it be destroyed by any sub-human trash."

Theoretician Bob Miles—a former Republican party leader, insurance executive, and official in the George Wallace presidential campaign in 1968 (p. 22)—explains in the film that white supremacist converts "will come from the working class, and that's where our strength is even today. When we had 2,000 members of the Klan in Michigan back in 1970, the bulk of our people came out to the auto factories ... that's not the upper class, that's the working class."

The book includes a fairly complete genealogy of supremacist groups going back to the original KKK, which, although useful, serves to create an artificially sharp distinction between the open white supremacists and the mainstream of Amerikan politics.

the Southern winte working class supported him almost entirely. He won 7% of all working class votes in Birmingham, Alabama in the 1968 election. (That support was echoed by David Duke followers in last year's governor's race in Louisiana.) The failure of white industrial unions in the South is in-fact-targety are to the national leadership's shift toward integrationism during the Civil Rights Movement.(1)

When the Montgomery carpenters union in 1956 erected a gallows in the city's downtown, and hung the NAACP in effigy, the structure bore the sign, "Built by Organized Labor."(2)

The effects of openly white supremacist movements on the political mainstream are important, and for that reason it's not useless to document the groups and leaders Ridgeway & Co. focus on Counting 3,000 violent racist incidents between 1980 and 1986—including 138 attempted or successful bombings to 20—is worthwhite. Evenume producers and writes of Blood incidence are arbitrarily leave out countiess acts exponed formating and common exploitation.

Ridgeway does deal with supremarist spitis, especially over the issue of going mains to an incident by Duke. Some supremarists see Duke as a hopeics invertible sell-out, while others see his incursion into electoral politics as good strategy.

The relationship between openly laserst groups and mainstream politics is usually ignored. In the mid 920s were were 3-4 million Klan members (p.34) Now there are less. But is white supremacy any weaker? Ask, Rodney King That's the finit missing here.

#### Notez:

1. Autom I Monell, "selve Trouble George Wellene and Union Joines in

Alabama", in Robert B. Zaeger, see Gregorical See 1888 Specific George South, The University of Tennessee Press: Knoxville, 1991-pp. 266-57-2, Ibid., p. 254.

The Wages of Whiteness: Race and the Making of the American Working Class
By David R. Roediger
London: Verso, 1991

by a comrade

Historian David Roediger has contributed to the trend in academia to identify the creation of racism as two-fold, with the white working class helping the bourgeoisie to make it happen. For Amerikan academics, this is a pretty big leap, which leads them to give themselves labels such as "post-marxist," based on their false interpretations of Marxism as static and reductionist.

The step is important to escape the mis-notion that "bad" ideas adopted by relatively subordinate groups are the product of simple domination by the ruling classes. It begins to get beyond the "false-consciousness" interpretation of history. The book goes along with recent work to emphasize the active movement of oppressed groups in creating their own ideologies and forms of resistance—to see culture and ideology as the dialectical-creations born out of class struggle, not just imposed by rulers.

But Roediger keeps the "false consciousness" my for alive. He assumes, but can't prove, that white workers in the nineteenth century were hurt by racism. To Roediger the highest price paid by the white working class for racism was "the wedding of labor to a debased republicanism." He describes the tendency of "the payous of whiteness ... to prove spurious," because racism supposedly undermined white working class efforts to climmans wage labor altogether.(p. 55)

He can't accept that white workers in America simply est-paid enough to come around to see that explained wasn't so but the them affected. There is a seeped to attack on wage interfaced they felt to a piece of the pie. I fenoring this resing the Wages of visionasses is typical sentential attacks in the sentential acceptance in the piece.

Roediger and his academic celeses are carde in what in really a reductionic discour based on false Marking Class, Under imperialism, there is not just one working class, "laterly" divined by ease. Instead working classes are by recessive timed who their nations—the international proleaded acceptant from the First World scales who make up the later who was easy to oppressor nations like the ULA.

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There is nothing this obout it. The white we have the wantey was, tying the make the process; to imperialist profits, and definition of the imperialism is collapse.

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